The 2022 shareholders' meeting minutes of Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd.

Meeting time: 9:00 am on May 24 (Tuesday), 2022

Meeting place: 13F., No.27, Sec. 1, Anhe Rd., Da'an Dist., Taipei City (Conference Room of the Chinese National

Futures Association)

Shareholding of the attending shareholders: 244,625,584 shares of the attending shareholders and by proxy, representing

84.36% of the total issuance of 289,976,288 shares.

Chairman: Tien-Fu Lin Clerk: Hsiao-Ju Kao

Attendees: Vice Chairman, Hsiao-Ling Chou; Director and President, Kuo-Tsun Hsu; Independent Director, Yu-

Chun Wu; Independent Director, Nai-Kuan Huang; Independent Director, Hui-Erh Yuan

PwC Taiwan CPA: Chiao-Sen Lo

Attorney Wen-Peng Lin of Giant Era International Law Firm

I. Meeting commencement: Omitted.

II. Statement by the Chairman: Omitted

III. Reporting matters

- 1. Presenting the Company's 2021 Business Report. (Attachment 1) -- Acknowledged by all present shareholders.
- 2. Audit Committee has the audit report for the Company's 2021 business report, financial statements, and statement of retained earnings presented for approval. (Attachment 2)
 - -- Acknowledged by all present shareholders.
- 3. Presenting the 2021 Employees' Remuneration Distribution. -- Acknowledged by all present shareholders.
- 4. The reasons and matters related to the issuance of the Company's 2021 unsecured subordinate ordinary corporate bonds are hereby presented for review. -- Acknowledged by all present shareholders.

IV. Acknowledgments

Proposal 1:

Subject: Acknowledging the Company's 2021 Business Report and Financial Statements. (The proposal was submitted by the Board of Directors)

Details:

- 1. The Company's 2021 consolidated financial statements and the financial statements were audited by CPA Chiao-Sen Lo and CPA Hsiu-Ling Li of PwC Taiwan and were resolved for acceptance on the 11th Meeting of the 11th term Board of Directors (March 10, 2022). The audited financial statements and the business report were reviewed by the Audit Committee without any nonconformity identified and with a review report issued.
- 2. For details on the Business Report, Independent Auditor's Report, the consolidated financial statements and financial statements, please refer to Attachment 1 and 3.
- 3. The agenda has been proposed for acknowledgment.

Resolutions: This case was voted with 244,065,693 voting rights in favor, accounting for 99.77 % of the total voting rights of the balloting. There were 99,826 voting right not in favor of the case. There were 460,065 waived/not voted and 0 voting right invalid. This case is passed according to the revolution reached by voting in the board meeting.

Proposal 2:

Subject: Acknowledging the Company's 2021 Earnings Distribution. (The proposal was submitted by the Board of Directors)

Details:

- The 2021 annual earnings distribution proposal was in compliance with the "Company Act" and
 the Company's "Articles of Incorporation"; also, it was resolved for acceptance on the 11th Meeting
 of the 11th Board of Directors (March 10, 2022). The annual earnings distribution proposal was
 reviewed by the Audit Committee without any nonconformity identified and with a review report
 issued.
- 2. The unappropriated earnings of the company at the beginning of 2021 was NT\$158,407,826 (the same currency applied hereinafter).
- 3. Legal reserve and special reserve are appropriated on the basis of the "net income and profit and loss other than the net income adjusted to the current year's unappropriated earnings" as stipulated in the Jing-Shang-Zi No. 10802432410 Letter dated January 9, 2020 by the Ministry of Economic Affairs and the Jin-Guan-Zheng-Qi-Zi No. 1110380212 Letter dated January 21, 2022 by the Financial Supervisory Commission. The basis of appropriation was NT\$964,799,167 in 2021, including the net income of NT\$860,281,547 in 2021, plus the net actuarial benefit of the defined benefit plan (after tax) of NT\$4,130,458 and the net profit of the equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive profit and loss for an amount of NT\$100,387,162. A 10% legal reserve is appropriated lawfully for an amount of NT\$96,479,917, and a 20% special reserve is appropriated for an amount of NT\$192,959,833. The distributable earnings for the current period are NT\$833,767,243.

- 4. The company intends to distribute a cash dividend of NT\$666,945,462. The cash dividend per share is NT\$2.3 that is calculated according to the number of outstanding shares. The aforementioned earnings distribution proposal is funded with the distributable amount from the earnings of the current year. Please refer to Attachment 4 for further details regarding the earnings appropriation.
- 5. The cash dividends distributed to each shareholder are calculated and rounded up to dollar; also, the total amount of odd share less than NT\$1 shall be transferred to the company's Employee Welfare Committee.
- 6. For this earnings distribution proposal, if the company's number of outstanding shares is changed due to the actual business operation, amendments to the law, or the command of the competent authority, the (2022) regular shareholders' meeting is suggested to have the board of directors authorized to recalculate the cash dividend ratio based on the number of outstanding shares on the ex-dividend date.
- 7. Once the proposal is resolved by the shareholders' meeting, the board of directors shall be authorized to schedule the ex-dividend date, the payment day, and other related matters. The dividend distribution is based on the shareholder's shareholding ratio on the ex-dividend date.
- 8. The agenda has been proposed for acknowledgment.

Resolutions: This case was voted with 244,035,348 voting rights in favor, accounting for 99.75 % of the total voting rights of the balloting. There were 127,172 voting right not in favor of the case. There were 463,064 waived/not voted and 0 voting right invalid. This case is passed according to the revolution reached by voting in the board meeting.

V. Discussions

Proposal 1

Subject: Partial amendments to the Articles of Incorporation. (The proposal was submitted by the Board of Directors)

Details:

- 1. For the purpose of having the Company's shareholder meeting convened more flexibly, the Company may explicitly provide for in the Articles of Incorporation to have a virtual shareholder meeting held or have it held with the methods promulgated by the central competent authorities according to Article 172-2, Paragraph 1 of the Company Act. Therefore, the Company plans to have Article 12, Paragraph 2 added to the Company's "Articles of Incorporation" to have a virtual shareholder meeting held or have it held with the methods promulgated by the central competent authorities.
- 2. Please refer to Attachment 5 for the comparison table of the Articles of Incorporation amendment.
- 3. Proposed for referendum

Resolutions: This case was voted with 244,032,787 voting rights in favor, accounting for 99.75 % of the total voting rights of the balloting. There were 125,525 voting right not in favor of the case. There were 467,272 waived/not voted and 0 voting right invalid. This case is passed according to the revolution reached by voting in the board meeting.

Proposal 2

Subject: Partial amendments to the Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings. (The proposal was submitted by the Board of Directors)

Details:

- 1. It is to be processed in accordance with Article 182-1, Paragraph 2 of the Company Act.
- 2. It is proposed to have amendments made to the Company's "Rules of Procedure for Shareholder Meetings" corresponding to the amendments made to Article 172-2 of the Company Act and the amendments made to the "Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies" that permit public companies to hold virtual shareholder meetings.
- 3 Please refer to Attachment 6 for the comparison table of the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings" amendment.
- 4. Proposed for referendum.

Resolutions: This case was voted with 244,037,018 voting rights in favor, accounting for 99.75 % of the total voting rights of the balloting. There were 124,294 voting right not in favor of the case. There were 464,272 waived/not voted and 0 voting right invalid. This case is passed according to the revolution reached by voting in the board meeting.

Proposal 3

Subject: Partial amendments to the Regulations Governing the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets. (The proposal was submitted by the Board of Directors)

Details:

- 1. The Company plans to have amendments made to the "Procedures for the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets" to comply with Jin-Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No. 1110380465 Letter dated January 28, 2022 by the Financial Supervisory Commission.
- 2. The amendments made currently are detailed as follows:

- (1) Quality of the opinions issued by external experts:
 - A. Since the issuance of appraisal reports or opinions on the reasonableness of price by experts is not a task of auditing financial reports in its nature, the wording "auditing" is amended as "implementation" accordingly. In addition, the wording of evaluation "completeness, correctness, and reasonableness" is amended as "appropriateness and reasonableness." (Amendments to Article 6)
 - B. Explicitly define that those professional appraisers and their officers, certified public accountants, attorneys, and securities underwriters who issue appraisal reports or opinions, in addition to the matters that should be handled when accepting and executing projects, shall comply with the self-regulatory rules of their respective associations. (Amendments to Article 6, 9, 10 and 11)
- (2) Enhance the management of related party transactions: When the Company or the Company's subsidiary that is not itself a public company in Taiwan has conducted any transaction as specified in paragraph 1 for an amount exceeding 10% of the total assets, the Company shall have the information as stated in paragraph 1 submitted to the shareholder meeting for approval before having the transaction contract signed and payment made. However, the transactions conducted between the Company and the parent company or subsidiaries, or between the subsidiaries, or between the parent company and subsidiaries are not subject to this restriction. (Amendments to Article 17)
- (3) Ease the information disclosure of certain transactions: The purchase and sale of foreign government bonds with a sovereign rating not lower than the sovereign rating of the R.O.C., and the subscription of foreign government bonds in the primary market and subscription or sell-back of exchange traded notes by professional investors are exempted from making an announcement. (Amendments to Article 31)
- 3. Please refer to Attachment 7 for the comparison table of the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets" amendment.
- 4. Proposed for referendum.

Resolutions: This case was voted with 244,032,463 voting rights in favor, accounting for 99.75% of the total voting rights of the balloting. There were 125,654 voting right not in favor of the case. There were 467,467 waived/not voted and 0 voting right invalid. This case is passed according to the revolution reached by voting in the board meeting.

Case 4

Subject:

Proposal for lifting competition restrictions on the Company's directors. (The proposal was submitted by the Board of Directors)

Details:

- 1. Pursuant to Article 209, Paragraph 1 of the Company Act "A director who does anything for himself or on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the company's business, shall explain to the meeting of shareholders the essential contents of such an act and secure its approval."
- 2. If the Company's board directors are subject to the non-compete clause imposed according to Article 209 of the Company Act, it is advisable to propose to the shareholder meeting to have such non-compete clause lifted under the precondition of not jeopardizing the interests of the Company.
- 3. The list of the non-compete clause lifted are as follows:

	Name	Status of concurrent serving				
Director	Yuanta Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	Director of Yuanta Securities				
Director	Representative: Tien-Fu Lin	Co., Ltd.				
Dimenton	Yuanta Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	Director of Yuanta Securities				
II hrector	Representative: Pin-Cheng Chen	Co., Ltd.				

4. Proposed for referendum.

Resolutions: This case was voted with 243,990,907 voting rights in favor, accounting for 99.74 % of the total voting rights of the balloting. There were 154,384 voting right not in favor of the case. There were 480,293 waived/not voted and 0 voting right invalid. This case is passed according to the revolution reached by voting in the board meeting.

VI. Motion: None

VII. Adjourned: (9:37am)

Chairman: Tien-Fu Lin Clerk: Hsiao-Ju Kao

The purpose of the meeting is documented in the minutes of the general shareholders' meeting. The agenda and procedures of the meeting are taped in video and audio form.

Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd.

2021 Business Report

1. Market Overview

The prevalence of the COVID-19 pandemic had continued to impact the financial market in 2021. The global market turmoil was on a surge continuously. The market was with an eye on the pandemic and economic relief plan, the lack of workers and materials in the supply chain, China's economic imbalance, green energy, the U.S.A. debt ceiling, inflation, and balance sheets reduction. Traders face more variables and that causes the volatility of various instruments in the futures market intensified. The global futures and option market had been active with a trading volume of futures and options reached NT\$56.44 billion in 2021, representing an increase of 33.8% from the year before.

In terms of the global options trading, the COVID-19 pandemic came along with uncertainties and severe market fluctuation. According to the statistics of the USA Futures Industry Association (FIA) till November, in terms of instruments, the top three instruments traded were stock price indexes (44.2%), individual stocks (22.2%), and exchange rate (8.8%). The global demand for derivatives and hedging increased relatively due to the growth in the trading volume of stock market in most economies in the world. The trading volume of index futures and options increased by 47.7%, the trading volume of individual futures and options increased by 42.7%, and exchange rate futures increased by 21.8% from the year before, mainly due to the unsynchronized monetary policies of the central banks in the world, the strong USD currency, and the weak non-U.S. currency. Take the regional market for example, the transaction volume in 2021 grew record high by 51.7% from the year before in the Asia-Pacific region.

In terms of the domestic market, TSEE weighted index (TAIEX) reached a record high in 2021, so was the trading volume of the futures. The total trading volume of the Taiwan futures market reached 392 million lots, representing an increase of 15% from the 341 million lots in the year before. However, the transaction volume of the WTXP& was 75.99 million lots, down by 11% from the 85.4 million lots in the year before. FITX, FIMTX, stocks and futures, and TXO were the most popular instruments traded in 2021, of which, the trade of FIMTX reached 71.79 million lots in 2021, which was a substantial growth of 20% from 2020. The trade of stocks and futures were 75.73 million lots, which was a growth of 183% from the year before, a growth by two-fold. The ratio of natural person to legal person in the trade of futures was close to 1:1. The trade ratio of foreign investors grew conspicuously with a record of 20%, 26%, and 31.5% achieved in the last 3 years, respectively. In terms of the futures accountholders, a total of 65,000 accountholders opened in 2021, of which, the annual increase of accountholders in the age group of 20–30 years old was 28%.

The world remained in a cycle of interest rate reduction in 2021. The interest income of margin of the futures industry was affected significantly due to the low interest rate in market. The management team of Yuanta Futures strives to improve the profitability momentum of the brokerage business continuously. In terms of financial performance, the annual operating income increased by NT\$60.78 million from the year of 2020. The net income amounted to NT\$860 million in 2021, accounted for 29% market share, ranking the first among 14 futures commission merchants; moreover, the EPS (after tax) was NT\$2.97 and the ROE (after tax) was 7.11%. In terms of business performance, the market share of futures brokerage was 23.36%, the market share of option brokerage was 18.42%, and the market share of foreign futures was 26.39%.

The Company while facing the unpredictable financial environment had held a rigorous

risk control attitude to respond prudently in 2021. The Company also continued to integrate the department of legal compliance, risk management, information, settlement, audit, etc., so as to establish a profound line of defense across departments, comprehensively enhance the Company's internal policies and risk control measures, and also refine the responsible personnel's awareness and culture of risk control, money laundering prevention, and countering the financing of terrorism in order to effectively substantiate the goals of customer risk management and stable operation.

2. Corporate governance

- (I) Participated in the "Corporate Governance Evaluation" held by the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE) and Taipei Exchange (TPEx) and the Company had been ranked in the top-5% of the listed companies for 7 consecutive years. It was indeed a true recognition on the Company's continuing commitment to protect the rights of shareholders and the pursuit of sustainable development of the Company based on the principle of ethical corporate management.
- (II) After April 2012, the Board of Directors had the "Audit Committee" setup to replace the functions of supervisors, to supervise the Company's financial operations, internal control, regulatory compliance, and risk control for emphasizing an open and transparent management philosophy. The Audit Committee had convened 17 meetings in 2021.
- (III) The Company for the purpose of substantiating the "principle of treating client fairly" had the "Fair Hospitality Committee Organizational and Operational Enforcement Rules" completed and the Committee formed on October 4, 2019 with the general manager appointed as the commissioner and an operational unit appointed to organize and manage. The Company convenes the Fair Hospitality Committee meeting on a quarterly basis to regularly review the plan execution and results of the principle of treating client fairly in each department in order to establish a horizontal communication channel for each department to promote and implement the principle of treating client fairly, and also report the performance of the said principle to the board of directors for discussion on a quarterly basis. The board of directors is to supervise the Company's policy on the principle of treating client fairly, to optimize various acts of fair hospitality, and to reinforce the protection of consumers' rights and interests.

3. Operating results

In 2021, the Company continued intensifying a variety of business management, including the efforts to boost the profitability of the shareholders' equity, put into implementation thoroughly risk management, implement the targets of proprietary dealing and brokerage businesses which have been embodied through various business targets below:

- 1. In terms of financial performance: The Company's net income amounted to NT\$860 million, ranking the first among 14 futures commission merchants; moreover, the EPS (after tax) was NT\$2.97 and the ROE (after tax) was 7.11%.
- 2. In terms of business performance, the market share of futures brokerage was 23.36% with 90.87 million lots traded, the market share of option brokerage was 18.42% with 72.84 million lots traded, and the market share of foreign futures was 26.39% with 98.35 million lots traded.
- 3. Credits and honors: As a leading futures brand in Taiwan, apart from providing investors with the best platform service for futures transaction through transparent operations and scrupulous governance and internal control, taking into account R & D capabilities and innovation, we adhere to our core value to become a benchmarking brand in Asia-Pacific's financial market.

Credits and honors in 2021:

- 1. Received a long-term credit rating of "AA-(twn)" from Fitch Ratings and a prospect of "stable."
- 2. Awarded with the honor of the 7th corporate governance "OTC company top five-percent performance."
- 3. No. 1 in futures companies amongst the Top 5000 large corporations in Taiwan.
- 4. Ranked 4th place in the Little Giant List of the "Excellence in Corporate Social Responsibility Award" the one and only futures merchant on the list.
- 5. Awarded with the "Best Brokerage House of the year" by The Asset magazine.
- 6. The Asset Magazine awarded the "ESG Corporate Awards Platinum Medal."
- 7. Awarded with first place in the category of futures commission merchant trade volume of the 7th "Futures Diamond Award" held by Taiwan Futures Exchange.
- 8. Awarded with the "Outstanding Talent Cultivation Award" and "Futures Outstanding Talent Award" in the 16th Golden Goblet Award of the Securities and Futures Institute.
- 9. Awarded with the TCSA Taiwan Sustainability Award "Innovative Growth Leader Award" and "Sustainability Report Silver Award."

4. The Company's 2021 income and expense and profitability analysis as follows:

(Unit NTD thousand)

Item	2021	2020	Difference	Variation
Operating gains	3,888,691	3,877,625	11,066	0.29%
Earnings before tax	1,048,960	1,325,580	-276,620	-20.87%
Current period net profit	860,282	1,070,099	-209,817	-19.61%
Net worth (NT\$100mn)	123.5	118.59	4.91	4.14%
After-tax EPS (NTD)	2.97	4.23	-1.26	-29.79%
Return on shareholders' equity	7.11%	10.33%	-3.22%	-31.17%

5. Research and development

The Company's Research Department continues to refine the research report, improve the readability and diversity of the report, and expand social media channel to provide traders with real-time research information in the form of community posts, video and audio. The Research Department strives to have futures and industrial trends integrated for the service of corporate customers, as well as customized industry and corporate project briefings, provided strategic hedging and forward-looking analysis, etc., so as to have futures services extended to industry and corporate physical economy services.

The Company for the purpose of providing customers with a stable and excellent trading environment completed the core accounting system and hardware equipment upgrade in 2021, as well as enhancing more application services and increasing the system loading capacity. Moreover, the Information Department and the Digital Finance Department had worked together to develop an innovative trading system, optimize the e-trading platform, and provide customers with more convenient and fast ordering functions. Simultaneously and comprehensively enhance the Company's information security and personal information protection mechanism to protect customers' trading rights and interests.

6. Future operating plans and development strategies

In prospect of 2022, the Company will base on the main business strategy of "sustainable optimization, cross-border innovation" to review the overall operating procedures and to set short-term, mid-term, and long-term goals for the brokerage business, digital finance development, overseas business deployment, and other aspects, and to optimize various performance indexes. Massive resources are invested in system replacement, optimizing the trading platform, developing the subscription economy, enhancing the information security protection system, and cultivating customer service and experience in-depth so as to provide traders with a more convenient, stable, and safe trading environment. In terms of international business development, the mission is to have business in Asia-Pacific region integrated through a cross-border and cross-industry operation, develop overseas business bases, expand business territory, stabilize core business, and strive to become a large international futures commission merchant. At the same time, the Company values the importance of ESG realization. The Company while striving to maximize profits continuously refines the improvement and implementation in environmental sustainability, social commitment, corporate governance, and other relevant aspects in order to create an internal ESG ecosystem, enhance corporate value, and substantiate sustainable development.

In 2022, the operating plans of Yuanta Futures are highlighted below:

- 1. Adjust the brokerage channel structure; increase the market share and gross profit of domestic and foreign options.
- 2. Generate multiple sources of income; develop corporate brokerage business and new leveraged businesses.
- 3. Adjust the structure of the proprietary trading team and optimize trading strategies.
- 4. Refine digital financial services; exercise the value of digital channels.
- 5. Promote ESG action goals; substantiate sustainable business operations.

Chairman: Tien-Fu Lin President: Kuo-Tsun Hsu Accounting Supervisor: Hui-Ching Lu

Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd.

Audit Committees' Review Report

For the Company's 2021 consolidated financial statements, financial statements and the 2021 business report and statement of retained earnings presented by the board of directors, in which, the financial statements were audited by CPA Chiao-Sen Lo and CPA Hsiu-Ling Li of PwC Taiwan with an adjusted unqualified opinion stated in the independent auditor's report.

The statements referred to above were audited by the Audit Committee without any nonconformity found and a report was issued with the unanimous agreement of the committee members in accordance with Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act. This report is presented to

The 2022 Annual General Meeting of Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd.

The Audit Committee of Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd.

Convener Yu-Chun Wu

March 10, 2022

Attachment 3

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR 21000323

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Futures Commission Merchants, Regulation Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's consolidated financial statements of the current period are stated as follows:

Fair value measurement of valuation of the unlisted stocks

Description

For the accounting policy of the unlisted stocks (accounted under financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income), please refer to Note 4(8); for critical accounting estimates and assumption uncertainty of the fair value of unlisted stocks, please refer to Note 5(2); for the details on unlisted stocks, please refer to Note 6(5). The carrying amount of the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income – unlisted stocks as at December 31, 2021 was NTD 1,806,258 thousand.

Because there are no active market quoted prices for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income — unlisted stocks held by Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd., the management uses valuation techniques to estimate the fair value. The valuation techniques used by Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd. are primarily the market method. The market method involves certain assumptions and significant inputs that are not based on observable market data, including the selected valuation methods, the determination of similar and comparable companies, price to earnings ratio and discount of marketability, etc. The models and parameters used in valuation techniques are based on management's professional judgments and estimates, and such accounting judgments and estimates are highly uncertain. Thus, we have included the fair value valuation of unlisted stocks as a key audit matter in our audit for the year ended December 31, 2021.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

In response to specific aspects of the above-mentioned key audit matter, we made use of experts to assist the evaluation of the reasonableness of valuation information used by the management, and conducted the following procedures:

- 1. Obtained an understanding and evaluated the policy and valuation process relevant to the fair value measurement of the unlisted stocks.
- 2. Evaluated whether the valuation methods used by the management were commonly used.
- 3. Evaluated the reasonableness of the selection of comparable companies by the management.
- 4. Sample tested the price to earnings ratio and the inputs of discount of marketability used in the valuation methods, and reviewed relevant information and supporting evidence.

Other matter – Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unmodified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Futures Commission Merchants, Regulation Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations' as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due
to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,

- forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

that were of most significance in the audit of the conso therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matter public disclosure about the matter or when, in extreme	th governance, we determine those matters of the Group lidated financial statements of the current period and are is in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes ly rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected nication.
Lo, Chiao-Sen Lee, Hsiu-Ling For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan	
March 10, 2022	
Lo, Chiao-Sen	Lee, Hsiu-Ling

For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan April 13, 2022

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

YUANTA FUTURES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			 December 31, 2021		 December 31, 2020	
	ASSETS	Notes	 AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	 AMOUNT	%
•	Current assets					
111100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1) and 7	\$ 9,304,086	10	\$ 7,189,210	8
112000	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2), 7 and 11				
	profit or loss - current		286,529	-	935,945	1
113200	Financial assets at fair value through	6(5)				
	other comprehensive income - current	t	806,830	1	655,432	1
114070	Margin deposits	6(3) and 7	83,476,983	85	84,071,446	87
114100	Security lending deposits		-	-	169,187	-
114130	Accounts receivable		4,057	-	199,609	-
114140	Accounts receivable - related parties	7	2,002	-	3,569	-
114150	Prepayments	7	13,776	-	9,919	-
114170	Other receivables		14,824	-	20,324	-
114180	Other receivables - related parties	7	4,266	-	6,711	-
114300	Leverage margin contract trading	7				
	client margin deposits		347,405	-	294,448	-
114600	Current income tax assets		-	-	341	-
119000	Other current assets		 <u>-</u>		 29,815	
110000	Subtotal current assets		 94,260,758	96	 93,585,956	97
1	Non-current assets					
123200	Financial assets at fair value through	6(5)				
	other comprehensive income - non-					
	current		1,932,733	2	1,618,523	2
125000	Property and equipment	6(8)	630,948	1	618,532	1
125800	Right-of-use assets	6(9)	156,634	-	213,221	-
127000	Intangible assets	6(10)	86,979	-	42,169	-
128000	Deferred income tax assets	6(30)	31,686	-	43,647	-
129010	Operating guarantee deposits	6(6) and 7	145,326	-	145,516	-
129020	Clearing and settlement funds	6(7)	544,465	1	548,092	-
129030	Refundable deposits	7	39,598	-	44,148	-
129130	Prepayment for equipment		139,189	-	73,982	-
129990	Other non-current assets - other		11,416	-	8,417	-
120000	Subtotal non-current assets		3,718,974	4	 3,356,247	3
906001	Total assets		\$ 97,979,732	100	\$ 96,942,203	100
			 ·		 	

(Continued)

YUANTA FUTURES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				D 1 21 2021		D 1 21 2020	n
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Notes		December 31, 2021 AMOUNT	%	December 31, 2020 AMOUNT	<u>%</u>
	Current liabilities						
212000	Financial liabilities at fair value	6(2) and 11					
	through profit or loss - current		\$	926	-	\$ 220,993	-
214080	Futures traders' equity	6(3) and 7		83,178,336	85	83,763,813	87
214100	Leverage margin contract transaction	n					
	traders' equity			282,808	-	243,573	-
214130	Accounts payable			136,856	-	157,911	-
214140	Accounts payable - related parties	7		19,749	-	23,586	-
214160	Collection for third parties			9,098	-	9,614	-
214170	Other payables			192,019	-	247,707	1
214180	Other payables - related parties	7		1,842	-	225	-
214600	Current income tax liabilities			18,479	-	93,913	-
216000	Lease liabilities - current	7		52,260	-	50,089	-
219000	Other current liabilities	6(11)		31,175		20,538	
210000	Subtotal current liabilities			83,923,548	85	84,831,962	88
	Non-current liabilities						
221100	Bonds payable	6(12)		1,497,401	2	-	-
226000	Lease liabilities - non-current	7		118,224	-	169,772	-
228000	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(30)		11,191	-	-	-
229000	Other non-current liabilities			79,470		81,907	
220000	Subtotal non-current liabilities			1,706,286	2	251,679	_
906003	Total liabilities			85,629,834	87	85,083,641	88
	Equity attributable to owners of the						
	parent company						
	Capital						
301010	Common stock	6(15)		2,899,763	3	2,899,763	3
	Additional paid-in capital						
302000	Capital surplus	6(16)		3,070,484	3	3,070,484	3
	Retained earnings						
304010	Legal reserve	6(18)		1,132,477	1	1,021,010	1
304020	Special reserve	6(17)(18)		2,508,054	3	2,294,034	2
304040	Undistributed earnings	6(18)		1,123,207	1	1,295,828	1
	Other equity						
	Other equity interest	6(19)	_	1,615,913	2	1,277,443	2
305000							
305000 906004	Total equity		_	12,349,898	13	11,858,562	12

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

YUANTA FUTURES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amounts)

			Year ended December 31							
				2021			2020			
	Items	Notes	AMOUNT		%		AMOUNT	%		
]	Revenues									
401000	Brokerage	6(20) and 7	\$	3,658,844	94	\$	3,636,279	94		
410000	Gains on trading of securities	6(2)(21)		119,534	3		35,220	1		
421300	Dividend income	6(2) and 7		7,518	-		2,087	-		
421500	(Losses) gains on valuation of trading securities	6(2)	(2,576)	_		1,897	_		
421600	Losses on covering of borrowed securities and bonds with resale	6(2)		40.017) (1)	(2 962)			
421610	agreements-short sales Valuation gains (losses) on borrowed securities and bonds with resale agreements-short sales at fair value through profit	6(2)	(49,017) (1)	(3,862)	-		
	or loss			35,719	1	(19,447) (1)		
424200	Securities commission revenue	7		19,880	1		7,972	-		
424300	Clearance fee from consignation	6(22) and 7		65,185	2		73,190	2		
424400	Net gains on derivative financial	6(2)(23)								
	instruments			14,280	-		142,039	4		
424900	Futures advisory revenues	7		16,142	-		13,487	=.		
428000	Other operating revenues	7		3,182	_	(11,237)	<u> </u>		
400000	Total revenues			3,888,691	100		3,877,625	100		
	Costs and expenses		· <u> </u>				_			
501000	Brokerage fee	6(24)	(776,978) (20)	(745,408) (19)		
502000	Dealer handling fee	6(24)	(3,586)	-	(6,368)	-		
521200	Interest expense	7	(9,165)	-	(20,951) (1)		
425300	Expected credit impairment									
	losses and reversal gains			3,755	-	(34,492) (1)		
524100	Futures commission	6(25) and 7	(708,571) (18)	(745,895) (19)		
524300	Clearance fee	6(26)	(573,923) (15)	(561,880) (14)		
528000	Other operating fee		(2,737)	-	(3,468)	-		
531000	Employee benefit expense	6(28)	(731,459) (19)	(718,088) (19)		
532000	Depreciation and amortization	6(27)	(143,441) (4)	(115,205) (3)		
533000	Other operating expenses	6(27) and 7	(480,720) (11)	(452,629) (12)		
500000	Total costs and expenses		(3,426,825) (87)	(3,404,384) (88)		
(Operating income			461,866	13		473,241	12		
602000	Other gains and losses	6(2)(29) and 7		587,094	15		852,339	22		
902001	Income before income tax	•		1,048,960	28		1,325,580	34		
701000	Income tax expense	6(30)	(188,678) (5)	(255,481) (7)		
902005	Net income		\$	860,282	23	\$	1,070,099	27		

(Continued)

YUANTA FUTURES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amounts)

			Year ended December 31								
				2021			2020	%			
	Items	Notes	AMOUNT		<u>%</u>		AMOUNT				
(Other comprehensive income										
	Items that will not be										
	reclassified to profit or loss										
805510	Remeasurement of defined	6(13)									
	benefit obligations		\$	5,163	-	(\$	13,558)	-			
805540	Unrealized gain on equity	6(5)(19)									
	instrument investment										
	measured at fair value through										
	other comprehensive income			471,095	12		80,198	2			
805599	Income tax related to	6(30)									
	components of items not to be										
	reclassified		(1,032)	-		2,712	-			
	Items that may be reclassified										
	to profit or loss subsequently										
805610	Translation gain and loss on	6(19)									
	the financial statements of										
	foreign operating entities		(32,238) (1)	(43,610) (1)			
805000 T	Total other comprehensive										
i	ncome (net of tax)		\$	442,988	11	\$	25,742	1			
902006 T	Total comprehensive income		\$	1,303,270	34	\$	1,095,841	28			
C	Consolidated net income										
a	attributable to:										
	Owners of the parent		\$	860,282	23	\$	1,070,099	27			
C	Consolidated comprehensive										
iı	ncome attributable to:										
	Owners of the parent		\$	1,303,270	34	\$	1,095,841	28			
E	Earnings per share (in New Taiwan										
Ι	Pollars)										
	Basic and diluted earnings per	6(31)									
	share		\$		2.97	\$		4.23			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

YUANTA FUTURES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

					Equity attributable t	to owners of the pare	ent			
			Capital	Surplus		Retained earnings		Other eq	uity interest	
	Notes	Common stock	Paid-in capital in excess of par value	Paid-in capital from business merger	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Undistributed earnings	Translation gain and loss on the financial statements of foreign operating entities	Unrealized gain and loss on equity instrument investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total equity
For the year ended December 31, 2020										
Balance, January 1, 2020		\$ 2,322,763	\$ 894,643	\$ 46,333	\$ 907,430	\$ 2,074,901	\$ 1,313,798	(\$ 21,375)	\$ 1,317,644	\$ 8,856,137
Net income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	1,070,099	-	-	1,070,099
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(5)(19)					<u> </u>	(10,846_)	(43,610_)	80,198	25,742
Total comprehensive income (loss)		_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	1,059,253	(43,610_)	80,198	1,095,841
Appropriations of 2019 earnings:										
Legal reserve		-	-	-	113,580	-	(113,580)	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	-	219,133	(219,133)	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	(799,924)	-	-	(799,924)
Issuance of shares		577,000	2,085,472	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,662,472
Share-based payments	6(14)	-	44,036	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,036
Disposal of equity instrument investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(5)(19)		<u>-</u>				55,414	<u> </u>	(55,414_)	
Balance, December 31, 2020		\$ 2,899,763	\$ 3,024,151	\$ 46,333	\$ 1,021,010	\$ 2,294,034	\$ 1,295,828	(\$ 64,985)	\$ 1,342,428	\$ 11,858,562
For the year ended December 31, 2021										
Balance, January 1, 2021		\$ 2,899,763	\$ 3,024,151	\$ 46,333	\$ 1,021,010	\$ 2,294,034	\$ 1,295,828	(\$ 64,985)	\$ 1,342,428	\$ 11,858,562
Net income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	860,282	-	-	860,282
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(5)(19)	_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	4,131	(32,238_)	471,095	442,988
Total comprehensive income (loss)		_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	864,413	(32,238_)	471,095	1,303,270
Appropriations of 2020 earnings:										
Legal reserve		-	-	-	111,467	-	(111,467)	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	-	214,020	(214,020)	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	(811,934)	-	-	(811,934)
Disposal of equity instrument investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(5)(19)		<u>-</u>				100,387	<u> </u>	(100,387_)	<u> </u>
Balance, December 31, 2021		\$ 2,899,763	\$ 3,024,151	\$ 46,333	\$ 1,132,477	\$ 2,508,054	\$ 1,123,207	(\$ 97,223)	\$ 1,713,136	\$ 12,349,898

$\underline{\text{YUANTA FUTURES CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES}}$

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	For the ye			ears ended December 31		
	Notes		2021	2020		
		<u> </u>				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		_		_		
Profit before tax		\$	1,048,960	\$	1,325,580	
Adjustments						
Income and expenses having no effect on cash flows	((0)(0)(07)		121.246		102.045	
Depreciation	6(8)(9)(27)		131,246		102,845	
Amortization	6(10)(27)		12,195	,	12,360	
Interest income	6(29)	(350,351)	(720,365)	
Interest expense	C(20)		9,165	,	20,951	
Dividend income	6(29)	(160,228)	(90,851)	
Expected credit impairment losses and reversal gains	((0)	(3,755)		34,492	
(Gains) losses on disposal of property and equipment	6(8)	(271)		259	
Share-based payments	6(14)		-		44,036	
Gains on lease modification	6(9)	(502)		-	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
Changes in operating assets						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current			649,836	(617,059)	
Margin deposits			513,156	(19,452,418)	
Futures trading margin receivable			3,755	(34,492)	
Security lending deposits			169,187	(123,343)	
Accounts receivable			195,552	(143,614)	
Accounts receivable - related parties			1,567	(1,192)	
Prepayments		(4,026)	(2,759)	
Other receivables		(2,428)		976	
Other receivables - related parties			42	(260)	
Leverage margin contract trading client margin deposits		(52,957)	(36,198)	
Other current assets			29,237	(30,901)	
Other non-current assets - other		(2,999)	(6,331)	
Changes in operating liabilities						
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current		(220,061)		148,913	
Futures traders' equity		(521,349)		19,303,279	
Leverage margin contract transaction traders' equity			39,235		18,388	
Accounts payable		(21,055)		53,297	
Accounts payable - related parties		(3,837)		9,081	
Collection for third parties		(516)		3,292	
Other payables		(56,650)	(107)	
Other payables-related parties			1,652	(969)	
Other current liabilities			10,655		4,884	
Other non-current liabilities			2,727	(1,457)	
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations			1,417,182	(179,683)	
Interest received			359,805		736,743	
Interest paid		(7,951)	(25,192)	
Dividends received			160,998		90,350	
Income tax paid		(241,652)	(249,893)	
Net cash flows from operating activities			1,688,382		372,325	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					<u> </u>	
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive						
income		(1,141,643)	(1,120,976)	
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other	6(5)		-,, /	(-,,-,-,	
comprehensive income	*(*)		1,147,130		1,027,205	
Acquisition of property and equipment	6(8)	(52,703)	(37,161)	
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	6(8) and 7	(405	(210	
Increase in intangible assets	6(10)	(52,565)	(2,447)	
Decrease (increase) in clearing and settlement funds	0(10)	(3,627	(12,406)	
Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits			4,423	(5,850)	
Increase in prepayment for equipment		(100,174)	(63,728)	
		(191,500)	(215,153	
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(191,300)	(213,133	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(52 150)		25 212 \	
Principal payment for lease liabilities		(53,158)	(35,312)	

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$\underline{YUANTA\,FUTURES\,CO.,LTD.\,AND\,SUBSIDIARIES}$

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			For the years ended December 31				
	Notes		2021		2020		
Proceeds from issuing of bonds	6(12)	\$	1,497,350	\$	-		
Payment of cash dividends	6(18)	(811,934)	(799,924)		
Proceeds from issuance of shares	6(15)		<u>-</u>	-	2,662,472		
Net cash flows from financing activities			632,258		1,827,236		
Effect of change in foreign exchange rates		(14,264)	(20,143		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			2,114,876		1,964,265		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			7,189,210		5,224,945		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	9,304,086	\$	7,189,210		

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

PWCR21000315

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd. (the "Company") as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the parent company only statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the parent company only financial position of Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd. as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its parent company only financial performance and its parent company only cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Futures Commission Merchants and Regulation Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the parent company only financial statements for the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Company's parent company only financial statements of the current period are stated as follows:

Fair value measurement of valuation of the unlisted stocks

Description

For the accounting policy of the unlisted stocks (accounted under financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income), please refer to Note 4(7); for critical accounting estimates and assumption uncertainty of the fair value of unlisted stocks, please refer to Note 5(2); for the details on unlisted stocks, please refer to Note 6(5). The carrying amount of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income – unlisted stocks as at December 31, 2021 was NTD 1,806,258 thousand.

Because there are no active market quoted prices for financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - unlisted stocks held by Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd., the management uses valuation techniques to estimate the fair value. The valuation techniques used by Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd. are primarily the market method. The market method involves certain assumptions and significant inputs that are not based on observable market data, including the selected valuation methods, the determination of similar and comparable companies, price to earnings ratio and discount of marketability, etc. The models and parameters used in valuation techniques are based on management's professional judgments and estimates, and such accounting judgments and estimates are highly uncertain. Thus, we have included the fair value valuation of unlisted stocks as a key audit matter in our audit for the year ended December 31, 2021.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

In response to specific aspects of the above-mentioned key audit matter, we made use of experts to assist the evaluation of the reasonableness of valuation information used by the management, and conducted the following procedures:

- 1. Obtained an understanding and evaluated the policy and valuation process relevant to the fair value measurement of the unlisted stocks.
- 2. Evaluated whether the valuation methods used by the management were commonly used.
- 3. Evaluated the reasonableness of the selection of comparable companies by the management.
- 4. Sample tested the price to earnings ratio and the inputs of discount of marketability used in the valuation methods, and reviewed relevant information and supporting evidence.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the parent company only financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Futures Commission Merchants and Regulation Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Company.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 internal control of the Company.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the parent company only audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

that were of most significance in the audit of the parent and are therefore the key audit matter. We describe thes precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in	a governance, we determine those matters of the Company company only financial statements of the current period se matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be a communication.
Lo, Chiao-Sen Lee, Hsiu-Ling	
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan	
March 10, 2022	
Lo, Chiao-Sen	Lee, Hsiu-Ling

For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan April 13, 2022

The accompanying parent company only financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying parent company only financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

YUANTA FUTURES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020)
	Assets	Notes	 AMOUNT	%	 AMOUNT	%
(Current assets					
111100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1) and 7	\$ 8,286,016	9	\$ 6,195,959	6
112000	Financial assets at fair value through	6(2), 7 and 11				
	profit or loss - current		285,884	-	860,190	1
113200	Financial assets at fair value through	6(5)				
	other comprehensive income - current	t	806,830	1	655,432	1
114070	Customer margin deposits	6(3) and 7	81,058,821	85	82,809,012	87
114100	Security lending deposits		-	-	169,187	-
114130	Accounts receivable		4,057	-	199,609	-
114140	Accounts receivable - related parties	7	2,002	-	3,569	-
114150	Prepayments	7	8,741	-	5,234	-
114170	Other receivables		12,552	-	18,975	-
114180	Other receivables - related parties	7	4,165	-	3,876	-
114300	Leverage margin contract trading	7				
	client margin deposits		347,405	-	294,448	-
114600	Current income tax assets		-	-	341	-
119000	Other current assets		-	-	23	-
110000	Subtotal current assets		 90,816,473	95	91,215,855	95
1	Non-current assets		 			
123200	Financial assets at fair value through	6(5)				
	other comprehensive income - non-					
	current		1,932,733	2	1,618,523	2
124100	Investments accounted for under the	6(6)				
	equity method		1,141,781	1	1,207,101	1
125000	Property and equipment	6(9)	624,845	1	607,595	1
125800	Right-of-use assets	6(10) and 7	147,548	-	190,744	-
127000	Intangible assets	6(11)	86,979	-	42,137	_
128000	Deferred income tax assets	6(31)	31,686	_	43,647	_
129010	Operating guarantee deposits	6(7) and 7	140,000	_	140,000	_
129020	Clearing and settlement funds	6(8)	544,465	1	548,092	1
129030	Refundable deposits	7	35,978	_	40,456	_
129130	Prepayment for equipment		139,051	_	73,982	_
129990	Other non-current assets - other		11,416	_	8,417	_
120000	Subtotal non-current assets		 4,836,482	5	 4,520,694	5
906001	Total Assets		\$ 95,652,955	100	\$ 95,736,549	100

(Continued)

YUANTA FUTURES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2021 A D 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	I IADII ITIES AND EQUITV	Notes		December 31, 2021 AMOUNT	%	December 31, 2020 AMOUNT	%
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current liabilities	Notes		AMOUNT		AMOUNT	70
212000	Financial liabilities at fair value	6(2) and 11					
212000	through profit or loss - current	0(2) and 11	\$	926		\$ 220,672	
214080	Futures traders' equity	6(3) and 7	Ψ	80,868,836	85	82,588,649	87
214100	Leverage margin contract transaction	. ,		00,000,030	0.5	02,500,047	07
214100	traders' equity	1		282,808	_	243,573	1
214130	Accounts payable			136,856		157,911	_
214140	Accounts payable - related parties	7		19,749		23,586	
214160	Collection for third parties	,		9,098		9,614	
214170	Other payables			184,185		241,049	
214180	Other payables - related parties	7		1,842		225	
214600	Current income tax liabilities	,		18,479	_	93,913	_
216000	Lease liabilities - current	7		42,849	_	37,795	_
219000	Other current liabilities	6(12)		31,143	_	19,584	_
210000	Subtotal current liabilities	0(12)		81,596,771	85	83,636,571	88
	Non-current liabilities			01,570,771		05,050,571	
221100	Bonds Payable	6(13)		1,497,401	2	_	
226000	Lease liabilities - non-current	7		118,224	_	159,509	
228000	Deferred income tax libilities	6(31)		11,191		137,307	
229000	Other non-current liabilities	0(31)		79,470		81,907	
22,000	Subtotal non-current liabilities			1,706,286	2	241,416	
906003	Total Liabilities			83,303,057	87	83,877,987	88
	Capital			03,303,037		05,077,507	
301010	Common stock	6(16)		2,899,763	3	2,899,763	3
	Additional paid-in capital	0(10)		2,0,0,7,700	5	2,099,703	J
302000	Capital surplus	6(17)		3,070,484	3	3,070,484	3
	Retained earnings	0(17)		2,070,101	J	2,0,0,10.	
304010	Legal reserve	6(19)		1,132,477	1	1,021,010	1
304020	Special reserve	6(18)(19)		2,508,054	3	2,294,034	3
304040	Undistributed earnings	6(19)		1,123,207	1	1,295,828	1
	Other equity	()		-,,		-,,	
305000	Other equity interest	6(20)		1,615,913	2	1,277,443	1
906004	Total equity	-(-*/		12,349,898	13	11,858,562	12
906002	Total liabilities and equity		\$	95,652,955	100	\$ 95,736,549	100
700002	rotar navinties and equity		Ψ	75,052,755	100	ψ /J,/JU,J+9	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these parent company only financial statements.

YUANTA FUTURES CO., LTD.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amounts)

			Year ended December 31							
			-	2021	2020					
	Items	Notes	AMOUNT		%		AMOUNT	%		
I	Revenues									
401000	Brokerage	6(21) and 7	\$	3,551,708	94	\$	3,484,081	94		
410000	Gains on trading of securities	6(2)(22)		119,534	3		35,200	1		
421300	Dividend income	6(2) and 7		7,518	-		2,087	-		
421500	(Losses) gains on valuation of	6(2)								
	trading securities		(2,576)	-		1,897	-		
421600	Losses on covering of borrowed	6(2)								
	securities and bonds with resale									
	agreements-short sales		(49,017) (1)	(3,862)	-		
421610	Valuation gains (losses) on	6(2)								
	borrowed securities and bonds									
	with resale agreements-short									
	sales at fair value through profit									
	or loss			35,719	1	(19,447)	-		
424200	Securities commission revenue	7		19,880	1		7,972	-		
424300	Clearance fee from consignation	6(23) and 7		65,185	2		73,190	2		
424400	Net gain on derivative financial	6(2)(24)								
	instruments			13,862	-		126,068	3		
424900	Futures advisory revenues	7		16,142	-		13,487	-		
428000	Other operating revenues	7		4,354			853			
400000	Total revenues			3,782,309	100		3,721,526	100		
(Costs and expenses									
501000	Brokerage fee	6(25)	(776,978) (21)	(745,408) (20)		
502000	Dealer handling fee	6(25)	(3,572)	-	(6,252)	-		
521200	Interest expense	7	(8,229)	-	(18,615) (1)		
425300	Expected credit impairment									
	losses and reversal gains			3,755	-	(34,492) (1)		
524100	Futures commission	6(26) and 7	(650,567) (17)	(641,943) (17)		
524300	Clearance fee	6(27)	(573,923) (15)	(561,880) (15)		
528000	Other operating fee		(2,737)	-	(3,468)	-		
531000	Employee benefit expense	6(28)(29)	(676,198) (18)	(662,662) (18)		
532000	Depreciation and amortization	6(28)	(126,828) (3)	(95,531) (3)		
533000	Other operating expenses	6(28) and 7	(450,617) (12)	(425,980) (11)		
500000	Total costs and expenses		(3,265,894) (86)	(3,196,231) (86)		
(Operating income			516,415	14		525,295	14		
601100	Share of profit or loss of	6(6)								
	subsidiaries, associates and joint									
	ventures accounted for using the									
	equity method		(33,082) (1)	(24,553)	-		
602000	Other gains and losses	6(2)(30) and 7		565,627	15		824,838	22		
902001 I	Income before income tax			1,048,960	28		1,325,580	36		
701000	Income tax expense	6(31)	(188,678) (<u>5</u>)	(255,481) (7)		
902005 I	Net income		\$	860,282	23	\$	1,070,099	29		

(Continued)

YUANTA FUTURES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except earnings per share amounts)

				Year ended December 31							
				2021		2020					
Items		Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>				
Other comprehensive income											
	Items that will not be										
	reclassified to profit or loss										
805510	Remeasurement of defined	6(14)									
	benefit obligations		\$	5,163	- ((\$ 13,558) (1)				
805540	Unrealized gain and loss on	6(5)(20)									
	equity instrument investment										
	measured at fair value through										
	other comprehensive income			471,095	12	80,198	2				
805599	Income tax related to	6(31)									
	components of items not to be										
	reclassified		(1,032)	-	2,712	-				
	Items that may be reclassified										
	to profit or loss subsequently										
805610	Translation loss on the	6(20)									
	financial statements of foreign										
	operating entities		(32,238) (1) (43,610) (1)				
805000 7	Total other comprehensive										
i	ncome (loss) (net of tax)		\$	442,988	11	\$ 25,742	_				
7	Total comprehensive income		\$	1,303,270	34	\$ 1,095,841	29				
F	Earnings per share (in New Taiwan										
d	dollars)										
	Basic and diluted earnings per	6(32)									
	share		\$		2.97	\$	4.23				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these parent company only financial statements.

YUANTA FUTURES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021 AND 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Capital surplus Retained earnings		Other equity interest					
	Notes	Common stock	Paid-in capital in excess of par value	Paid-in capital from business merger	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Undistributed earnings	Translation loss on the financial statements of foreign operating entities	Unrealized gain and loss on equity instrument investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total equity
For the year ended December 31, 2020										
Balance, January 1, 2020		\$ 2,322,763	\$ 894,643	\$ 46,333	\$ 907,430	\$ 2,074,901	\$ 1,313,798	(\$ 21,375)	\$ 1,317,644	\$ 8,856,137
Net income for the year		=					1,070,099	-		1,070,099
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(5)(20)	-	-	-	-	-	(10,846)	(43,610)	80,198	25,742
Total comprehensive income (loss)							1,059,253	(43,610)	80,198	1,095,841
Appropriations of 2019 earnings:					-					·
Legal reserve		-	-	-	113,580	-	(113,580)	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	-	219,133	(219,133)	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	(799,924)	-	-	(799,924)
Issuance of shares	6(16)	577,000	2,085,472	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,662,472
Share-based payments	6(15)	-	44,036	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,036
Disposal of equity instrument investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(5)(20)		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	55,414	<u>-</u>	(55,414_)	<u> </u>
Balance, December 31, 2020		\$ 2,899,763	\$ 3,024,151	\$ 46,333	\$ 1,021,010	\$ 2,294,034	\$ 1,295,828	(\$ 64,985)	\$ 1,342,428	\$ 11,858,562
For the year ended December 31,2021										
Balance, January 1,2021		\$ 2,899,763	\$ 3,024,151	\$ 46,333	\$ 1,021,010	\$ 2,294,034	\$ 1,295,828	(\$ 64,985)	\$ 1,342,428	\$ 11,858,562
Net income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	860,282	-	-	860,282
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	6(5)(20)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	4,131	(32,238_)	471,095	442,988
Total comprehensive income		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	864,413	(32,238_)	471,095	1,303,270
Appropriations of 2020 earnings:										
Legal reserve		-	-	-	111,467	-	(111,467)	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	-	214,020	(214,020)	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	-	(811,934)	-	-	(811,934)
Disposal of equity instrument investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	6(5)(20)		_		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	100,387	_	(100,387_)	<u> </u>
Balance, December 31,2021		\$ 2,899,763	\$ 3,024,151	\$ 46,333	\$ 1,132,477	\$ 2,508,054	\$ 1,123,207	(\$ 97,223)	\$ 1,713,136	\$ 12,349,898

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these parent company only financial statements.

YUANTA FUTURES CO., LTD.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			For the year ended December 31				
	Notes		2021		2020		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Profit before tax		\$	1,048,960	\$	1,325,580		
Adjustments		•	1,010,700	Ψ	1,525,500		
Income and expenses having no effect on cash flows							
Depreciation	6(9)(10)(28)		114,664		83,434		
Amortization	6(11)(28)		12,164		12,097		
Interest income	6(30)	(339,968)	(694,306)		
Interest expense			8,229		18,615		
Share of profit or loss of subsidiaries associates, and joint ventures	6(6)						
accounted for using the equity method			33,082		24,553		
Gains (losses) on disposal of property and equipment	6(9)	(271)		259		
Dividend income	6(30)	(159,578)	(90,094)		
Expected credit impairment losses and reversal gains		(3,755)		34,492		
Share-based payments	6(15)		= "		44,036		
Gain on lease modification	6(10)(30)	(490)		-		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities							
Changes in operating assets							
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current			574,306	(607,497)		
Customer margin deposits			1,750,191	(19,205,736)		
Futures trading margin receivable			3,755	(34,492)		
Security lending deposits			169,187	Ì	123,343)		
Accounts receivable			195,552	Ì	143,614)		
Accounts receivable - related parties			1,567	Ì	1,192)		
Prepayments		(3,507)		487		
Other receivables		Ì	2,697)		1,193		
Leverage margin contract trading client margin deposits		ì	52,957)	(36,198)		
Other current assets		`	23	Ì	5)		
Other non-current assets - other		(2,999)	Ì	6,331)		
Changes in operating liabilities		· ·		•	· · · · · ·		
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current		(219,746)		149,395		
Futures traders' equity		Ì	1,719,813)		19,148,360		
Leverage margin contract transaction traders' equity			39,235		18,388		
Accounts payable		(21,055)		53,297		
Accounts payable - related parties		į.	3,837		9,081		
Collection for third parties		ì	516)		3,337		
Other payables		į.	58,062		2,622		
Other payables-related parties			1,652	(969)		
Other current liabilities			11,559		5,983		
Other non-current liabilities			2,727	(1,457)		
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations			1,377,602	(10,025		
Interest received			348,029		705,424		
Interest paid		(7,015)	(22,856)		
Dividends received		· ·	160,348	•	89,593		
Income tax paid		(241,652)	(249,893)		
Net cash flows from operating activities		`	1,637,312	`	512,243		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			, ,				
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive							
income		(1,141,643)	(1,120,976)		
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other	6(5)		, , , , , ,		, ,,,,,,		
comprehensive income	. ,		1,147,130		1,027,205		
Acquisition of property and equipment	6(9)	(52,308)	(35,036)		
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	6(9) and 7	`	405	(210		
Increase in intangible assets	6(11)	(52,565)	(2,447)		
Decrease (increase) in clearing and settlement funds	-()	`	3,627	ì	12,406)		
Decrease (increase) in refundable deposits			4,478	ì	5,982)		
Increase in prepayment for equipment		(100,034)	ì	63,728)		
Net cash flows used in investing activities			190,910)	·—	213,160		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		\	1,0,,10	\	210,100		
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities		(41,761)	(23,032)		
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	6(13)	,	1,497,350	,	25,032)		
Payment of cash dividends	6(19)	(811,934)	(799,924)		
Proceeds from issurance of shares	6(16)	,	-	(2,662,472		
Net cash flows from financing activities	3(10)		643,655		1,839,516		
Total and Home Manifelling detterior			010,000		1,057,510		

(Continued)

YUANTA FUTURES CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

 Notes
 For the year ended December 31

 Notes
 2021
 2020

 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents
 \$ 2,090,057
 \$ 2,138,599

 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year
 6,195,959
 4,057,360

 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year
 \$ 8,286,016
 \$ 6,195,959

Attachment 4

Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd. Earnings Appropriation Statement 2021

Unit: NTD

	CIIIt. TVID
Item	Amount
Opening undistributed earnings	158,407,826
Add: net actuarial benefit of defined benefit plan after tax in 2021	4,130,458
Add: 2021 net gain of equipment instruments measured at FVTOCI	100,387,162
Add: The 2021 Net income	860,281,547
Less: Appropriation of 10% legal reserve (Note)	(96,479,917)
Less: Appropriation of 20% special reserve (Note)	(192,959,833)
Distributable earnings	833,767,243
Distribution	
Cash dividend (a cash dividend of NT\$2.3 per share)	(666,945,462)
Stock dividends	0
Closing undistributed earnings	166,821,781

Details:

Details: Legal reserve and special reserve are appropriated on the basis of the "net income and profit and loss other than the net income adjusted to the current year's unappropriated earnings" as stipulated in the Jing-Shang-Zi No. 10802432410 Letter dated January 9, 2020 by the Ministry of Economic Affairs and the Jin-Guan-Zheng-Qi-Zi No. 1110380212 Letter dated January 21, 2022 by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Chairman: Tien-Fu Lin President: Kuo-Tsun Hsu Accounting Supervisor: Hui-Ching Lu

Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd. The comparison table of the Articles of Incorporation amendment

	a contraction of the orpo	
Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description of amendments
Article 12	Article 12	Amendments were made to Article
The Company holds two types of	The Company holds two types of	172-2 of the Company Act on
shareholders meetings:	shareholders meetings:	December 29, 2021 that a public
1. The annual general meeting is	1. The annual general meeting is	company may be entitled to have a
held at least once a year, and	held at least once a year, and	virtual shareholder meeting held.
within six months after the end	within six months after the end	According to Article 172-
of an accounting period unless	of an accounting period unless	2, Paragraph 1 of the Company Act,
otherwise permitted by The	otherwise permitted by The	companies may stipulate in the
Company Act.	Company Act.	"Articles of Incorporation" to have
2. Extraordinary shareholders	2. Extraordinary shareholders	a virtual shareholder meeting held
meetings may be held whenever	meetings may be held whenever	or have it held with the methods
necessary, subject to	necessary, subject to	promulgated by the central
compliance with the relevant	compliance with the relevant	competent authorities. In response
laws.	laws.	to the competent authorities' policy
Convene a virtual shareholder		of promoting virtual shareholder
meeting or have it held with the methods promulgated by the		meetings, the needs in the digitalized era, and for the
<u>methods promulgated by the</u> <u>central competent authorities.</u>		convenience of shareholders in
contrat competent authorities.		attending a shareholder meeting, it
		is clearly stipulated in that the
		Company may convene a virtual
		shareholder meeting or have it held
		with the methods promulgated by
		the central competent authorities;
		therefore, Paragraph 2 is hereby
		added to meet the said purpose.
Article 32	Article 32	Revision history.
The Company's Articles of	The Company's Articles of	
Incorporation was stipulated on	Incorporation was stipulated on	
January 14, 1997. The 22nd	January 14, 1997. The 22nd	
amendment was completed on	amendment was completed on	
May 17, 2013; the 23rd	May 17, 2013; the 23rd	
amendment was completed on	amendment was completed on	
May 20, 2014; the 24th	May 20, 2014; the 24th	
amendment was completed on	amendment was completed on	
May 21, 2015; the 25th	May 21, 2015; the 25th	
amendment was completed on	amendment was completed on	
May 18, 2016; the 26th	May 18, 2016; the 26th	
amendment was completed on	amendment was completed on	
May 17, 2017; the 27th	May 17, 2017; the 27th	
amendment was completed on	amendment was completed on	
May 23, 2019; the 28th	May 20, 2019; the 28th	
amendment was completed on	amendment was completed on	
May 27, 2020, the 29th	May 27, 2020; the 29th	
amendment was completed on July	amendment was completed on July	
5, 2021; the 30th amendment was	5, 2021 and implemented with the	
completed on May 24, 2022 and	resolutions reached in the	
implemented with the resolutions	shareholders' meeting, same as the	
reached in the shareholders'	amendment.	
meeting, same as the amendment.		

Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd. The comparison table of the "Rules of Procedure for Shareholders Meetings" amendment

Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description of amendments
Article 3	Article 3	1. The changes in the manner
The Company's shareholders' meetings,	The Company's shareholders' meetings,	of the shareholder meeting
unless otherwise provided by the law and	unless otherwise provided by the law and	convened must be resolved
regulations, should be convened by the	regulations, should be convened by the	by the board of directors no
Board of Directors.	Board of Directors.	later than the day sending
The changes in the manner of the		out the shareholder meeting notice for the information to
The changes in the manner of the Company's shareholder meeting		the shareholders; paragraph
convened must be resolved by the board		2 is hereby added to meet
of directors no later than the day sending		the said purpose.
out the shareholder meeting notice.		2. In response to the public
The preparation and upload of the		company's having a virtual
Company's notice of shareholders'	The preparation and upload of the	shareholder meeting
meeting and Agenda Handbook is	Company's notice of shareholders' meeting and Agenda Handbook is	convened, the company has both physical and virtual
processed in accordance with the	processed in accordance with the	shareholder meetings
Company Act, Securities and Exchange	Company Act, Securities and Exchange	arranged. Paragraph 4 is
Act, Regulations Governing Content and	Act, Regulations Governing Content and	hereby added for the
Compliance Requirements for Shareholders' Meeting Agenda	Compliance Requirements for	convenience of the
Handbook of Public Companies, and the	Shareholders' Meeting Agenda	shareholders who attend the
regulations published by the competent	Handbook of Public Companies, and the regulations published by the competent	shareholder meeting in person or by means of visual
authorities.	authorities.	communication network
		able to obtain and review the
The shareholder meeting agenda		agenda handbooks and
handbook and supplementary materials stated in the preceding paragraph should		supplementary materials on
be made available for the reference of the		the day of the shareholder
shareholders at the meeting place as		meeting.
<u>follows:</u>		
1. If a physical shareholder meeting is		
held, the said materials should be made		
available for the shareholders to obtain		
and review at the physical shareholder		
meeting place.		
2. If a hybrid shareholder meeting is held,		
the said materials should be made		
available for the shareholders to obtain and review at the physical shareholder		
meeting place, and the electronic files		
should be uploaded to the virtual meeting		
platform.		
3. If a virtual shareholder meeting is held,		
the electronic files should be uploaded to		
the virtual meeting platform.		
(Omitted hereinafter)	(Omitted hereinafter)	
Article 4	Article 4	After a proxy form has been
Shareholders may issue a proxy printed	Shareholders may issue a proxy printed	delivered to the Company, if the
by the Company with the scope of authorization defined to attend the	by the Company with the scope of authorization defined to attend the	shareholder intends to attend the meeting by means of virtual
shareholders' meeting.	shareholders' meeting.	communication network instead
		of by the proxy, a written notice
It is one shareholder one proxy and	It is one shareholder one proxy and	· - •

Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description of amendments
limited to one commission that should be delivered to the Company 5 days before the shareholders' meeting date. The matter of proxy received in duplication is handled in accordance with the "first arrival" principle. However, exception is granted if the shareholder issues a proper declaration to withdraw the previous proxy arrangement.	limited to one commission that should be delivered to the Company 5 days before the shareholders' meeting date. The matter of proxy received in duplication is handled in accordance with the "first arrival" principle. However, exception is granted if the shareholder issues a proper declaration to withdraw the previous proxy arrangement.	of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to the Company two days before the meeting date; therefore, Paragraph 4 is hereby added.
If the shareholders wish to exercise the balloting right by attending the meeting in person or voting in writing or by electronic means after the proxy is received by the Company, the shareholders shall have the Company informed in writing two days prior to the shareholders' meeting date to revoke the proxy. The balloting right exercised by the representative shall prevail if the proxy is not revoked before the deadline. After a proxy form has been delivered to the Company, if the shareholder intends to attend the meeting by means of virtual communication network, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to the Company two days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is	If the shareholders wish to exercise the balloting right by attending the meeting in person or voting in writing or by electronic means after the proxy is received by the Company, the shareholders shall have the Company informed in writing two days prior to the shareholders' meeting date to revoke the proxy. The balloting right exercised by the representative shall prevail if the proxy is not revoked before the deadline.	
submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.		
Article 5 The shareholders meeting must be held at a location that is suitable and convenient for shareholders to attend. The meeting must not commence anytime earlier than 9AM or later than 3PM. Independent Directors' opinions must be fully taken into consideration when deciding the time and venue of the meeting.	Article 5 The shareholders meeting must be held at a location that is suitable and convenient for shareholders to attend. The meeting must not commence anytime earlier than 9AM or later than 3PM. Independent Directors' opinions must be fully taken into consideration when deciding the time and venue of the meeting.	Paragraph 2 is added to explicitly stipulate that a virtual shareholder meeting is not subject to the restriction on the venue.
The Company's convening a virtual shareholder meeting is not subject to the restriction on the venue as stated in the preceding paragraph.		
Article 6 The Company shall specify in its shareholders, solicitors', and proxy agents' (hereinafter referred to as "shareholders" collectively) meeting notices the time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, the place to register for attendance, and other matters for attention.	Article 6 The Company shall specify in its shareholders meeting notices the time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, the place to register for attendance, and other matters for attention.	 Amendments are made to Paragraph 2 to explicitly specify the time and procedure to register for attending the virtual shareholder meeting. Amendments are made to Paragraph 3 in corresponding to the abbreviations of
The time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences. The place at	The time during which shareholder attendance registrations will be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time	shareholders stipulated in Paragraph 1. 3. Paragraph 7 is added to request the shareholders

the meeting commences. The place at

which attendance registrations are

who intend to attend the

shareholder meeting by

means of virtual

accepted shall be clearly marked and a

which attendance registrations are

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Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description of amendments
(2) Shareholders who did not register		force majeure, that should at
to attend the initial shareholder		least include the date for the
meeting by means of visual		meeting to be postponed or
communication network may not		reconvened and how long of
attend the postponed or		the meeting interruption
reconvened meeting.		shall result in a
(3) If the video transmission in the		postponement or
<u>hybrid shareholder meeting</u> cannot be reconvened, but the		reconvention. According to Article 44-20, Paragraph
total shareholdings of the		1, Paragraph 2, Paragraph 4,
shareholders attending the		and Paragraph 5 of the
meeting after deducting the		"Regulations Governing the
shareholdings of the shareholders		Administration of
who attend the meeting by means		Shareholder Services
of visual communication network		of Public Companies," when
still meets the quorum, the		all the proposals have been
shareholder meeting should		resolved and announced, it
continue. The shareholdings of		is necessary to detail how
the shareholders who attend the		the situation without
meeting by means of visual		extemporary motions should
communication network shall be included in the total		be handled, and the alternatives available to the
shareholdings of the shareholders		shareholders who have
present, but the attending		difficulties attending the
shareholders by means of virtual		virtual shareholder meeting
communication network shall be		by means of virtual
deemed to have waived their		communication network.
voting right in respective of all		
proposals at the said shareholder		
meeting.		
(4) When all the proposals have been		
resolved and announced, the way		
to handle the situation where extemporary motions has not		
been proceed.		
3. The alternatives available to the		
shareholders who have difficulties		
attending the virtual shareholder		
meeting by means of virtual		
communication network should be		
stated in detail.		
Article 8	Article 8	According to Article 183 of the
The Company shall have the admission	The Company shall have the admission	Company Act and Article 18 of
of the shareholders, the meeting in session, and the voting and vote counting	of the shareholders, the meeting in session, and the voting and vote counting	the "Regulations Governing Procedure for Board
process recorded and filmed	process recorded and filmed	of Directors Meeting of Public
uninterruptedly.	uninterruptedly.	Companies," it is explicitly
• •	•	stipulated to have the
The audio and video data referred to	The audio and video data referred to	shareholder registration,
above should be reserved for at least one year. However, if a shareholder makes a	above should be reserved for at least one year. However, if a shareholder makes a	recordation, attendance,
litigious claim against The Company	litigious claim against The Company	questioning, voting, vote
according to Article 189 of The Company	according to Article 189 of The Company	counting results, etc., recorded
Act, the above mentioned documents	Act, the above mentioned documents	and preserved with an
must be retained until the end of the	must be retained until the end of the	uninterrupted audio and video
litigation.	litigation.	recording taped throughout the duration of the meeting, which
The Company while convening the		should be properly preserved
virtual shareholder meeting has the		during the company's existence;
shareholder registration, recordation,		the audio/video recordings shall
attendance, questioning, voting, vote		be preserved by those who are
counting results, etc., recorded and		entrusted to handle the virtual

Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description of amendments
preserved with uninterrupted audio and		shareholder meeting
video recording taped throughout the		affairs. Paragraph 3
duration of the meeting.		and Paragraph 4 are hereby added accordingly.
The Company shall have the		added accordingly.
aforementioned materials and		
audio/video recording properly preserved		
throughout the duration of the Company; also, the audio/video recordings shall be		
preserved by those who are entrusted to		
handle the virtual shareholder meeting		
affairs.		
Article 9 The attendance of the shareholders' meeting is counted by the shareholding. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the sign-in cards and the number of shares registered on the virtual meeting platform, plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised in writing or electronically.	Article 9 The attendance of the shareholders' meeting is counted by the shareholding. The attendees' shareholding is calculated in accordance with the attendance register submitted and the balloting rights exercised in writing or by electronic means.	1. For the virtual shareholder meeting held, the shareholdings of the shareholders who attend the meeting by means of visual communication network should be included for the calculation of the total number of shares represented by the attending
The chair shall call the meeting to order at the scheduled meeting time and shall announce the shares without voting rights and the shares presented by the attending shareholders at the same time.	The chair shall call the meeting to order at the scheduled meeting time and shall announce the shares without voting rights and the shares presented by the attending shareholders at the same time.	shareholders. Paragraph 1 is hereby amended accordingly. 2. For the virtual shareholder meeting held, the company shall also announce the
However, if the attendees represented less than half of all outstanding shares, the meeting chairman may announce to postpone the meeting up to two times, for a period totaling no more than one hour. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chairman shall declare the meeting adjourned. The Company should also announce the information related to the virtual shareholder meeting adjourned on the virtual meeting platform.	However, if the attendees represented less than half of all outstanding shares, the meeting chairman may announce to postpone the meeting up to two times, for a period totaling no more than one hour. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned	adjourned meeting upon occurrence on the virtual meeting platform for the information about the adjourned meeting in a timely manner. Paragraph 3 is hereby amended accordingly. 3. The shareholders who intend to attend the shareholder meeting held due to a tentative resolution resolved by means of visual communication network
If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within 1 month. The shareholders who intend to attend the virtual shareholder meeting by means of visual communication network shall reregister with the Company in accordance with Article 6.	If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the Company Act; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders meeting shall be convened within 1 month.	shall complete the registration with the Company. Paragraph 4 is hereby amended accordingly.
(Paragraph 5 is omitted)	(Paragraph 5 is omitted)	
Article 11	Article 11	1. Paragraph 7 is added to

Shareholders who wish to speak during the meeting must produce a Speak Request Form detailing the topics and the shareholder's name and account number (or the attendance ID serial). The order of shareholders' comments will be determined by the meeting chairman.

Shareholders who submit Speak Request Forms without actually speaking are considered to have remained silent. If the shareholder's actual comments differ from those stated in the Speak Request Form, the actual comments shall prevail.

Each shareholder may not speak on the same proposal more than twice and not more than 5 minutes each time unless otherwise permitted by the Chairman. However, the Chairman may stop the shareholder from speaking if the speech is in violation of regulations or outside the scope of the proposal.

While a shareholder is speaking, other shareholders cannot speak simultaneously or interfere in any way without the consent of the meeting chairman and the person speaking. The meeting chairman shall restrain any violators.

For corporate shareholders who have appointed two or more representatives to attend the shareholders meeting, only one representative may speak per agenda.

The Chairman may have the speech of the shareholder responded in person or by the designated personnel.

Shareholders who attend the virtual shareholder meeting by means of visual communication network may ask questions in writing on the virtual meeting platform after the chairman calls the meeting to order and before the meeting adjourned. Each shareholder shall not ask more than two times for one motion, and each question shall not exceed 200 words, which is not subject to the provision of paragraph 1—paragraph 5.

The aforementioned questions that do not violate the regulations or do not exceed the scope of the motion should be disclosed on the virtual meeting platform for public knowledge.

Article 13

Shareholders are entitled to one balloting right per share except for those restricted without any voting right granted or those without any voting according to Article 179 Paragraph 2 of the Company Act.

Current existing clauses

Shareholders who wish to speak during the meeting must produce a Speak Request Form detailing the topics and the shareholder's name and account number (or the attendance ID serial). The order of shareholders' comments will be determined by the meeting chairman.

Shareholders who submit Speak Request Forms without actually speaking are considered to have remained silent. If the shareholder's actual comments differ from those stated in the Speak Request Form, the actual comments shall prevail.

Each shareholder may not speak on the same proposal more than twice and not more than 5 minutes each time unless otherwise permitted by the Chairman. However, the Chairman may stop the shareholder from speaking if the speech is in violation of regulations or outside the scope of the proposal.

While a shareholder is speaking, other shareholders cannot speak simultaneously or interfere in any way without the consent of the meeting chairman and the person speaking. The meeting chairman shall restrain any violators.

For corporate shareholders who have appointed two or more representatives to attend the shareholders meeting, only one representative may speak per agenda.

The Chairman may have the speech of the shareholder responded in person or by the designated personnel.

- Description of amendments
- specify the questioning methods, procedures, and restrictions for the shareholders who attend the shareholder meeting by virtual communication network.
- 2. For the purpose of helping shareholders understand the content of the questions raised by other shareholders, except for those unrelated questions to the proposals discussed and resolved in the shareholder meeting to be screened out, other relevant questions should be disclosed on the virtual meeting platform. Paragraph 8 is hereby added accordingly.

Article 13

Shareholders are entitled to one balloting right per share except for those restricted without any voting right granted or those without any voting according to Article 179 Paragraph 2 of the Company Act.

1. It is explicitly stipulated that shareholders who plan to attend the shareholder meeting by means of visual communication network after having their voting

When this Corporation holds a shareholders meeting, it may allow the shareholders to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means. When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. Shareholders who have voted in writing or using the electronic method are considered to have attended the shareholders meeting in person. However, in respect of the motion and the amendment of the original proposal in the shareholders' meeting it is deemed as a waiver; therefore, the Company is advised to avoid proposing motion or the amendment of the original proposal.

The uses of written and electronic votes mentioned above must be delivered to The Company at least 2 days before the shareholders meeting. If there are duplicate submissions, the earlier submission shall prevail. However, exception is granted if the shareholder issues a proper declaration to withdraw the previous vote.

If, after submitting a written or electronic vote, the shareholder wishes to attend the shareholders meeting in person or video conference, then a proper declaration of withdrawal must be issued using the same method as the original vote 2 day before the shareholders meeting. If the withdrawal is not received in time, then the written or electronic vote shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail.

(Paragraph 5 to 8 are omitted)

Shareholders who attend the Company's virtual shareholder meeting by means of visual communication network should vote on various resolution proposals and election proposals through the virtual meeting platform after the chairman calls the meeting to order; also, the vote must be cast before the chairman announces the close of voting, otherwise it will be deemed as a waiver.

The vote count in the virtual shareholder meeting should be counted at once after the chairman announcing the close of voting, and the voting and election results

Current existing clauses

When this Corporation holds a shareholders meeting, it may allow the shareholders to exercise voting rights by correspondence or electronic means. When voting rights are exercised by correspondence or electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders meeting notice. Shareholders who have voted in writing or using the electronic method are considered to have attended the shareholders meeting in person. However, in respect of the motion and the amendment of the original proposal in the shareholders' meeting it is deemed as a waiver; therefore, the Company is advised to avoid proposing motion or the amendment of the original proposal.

The uses of written and electronic votes mentioned above must be delivered to The Company at least 2 days before the shareholders meeting. If there are duplicate submissions, the earlier submission shall prevail. However, exception is granted if the shareholder issues a proper declaration to withdraw the previous vote.

If, after submitting a written or electronic vote, the shareholder wishes to attend the shareholders meeting in person, then a proper declaration of withdrawal must be issued using the same method as the original vote 2 day before the shareholders meeting. If the withdrawal is not received in time, then the written or electronic vote shall prevail. When a shareholder has exercised voting rights both by correspondence or electronic means and by appointing a proxy to attend a shareholders meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail.

(Paragraph 5 to 8 are omitted)

- Description of amendments
- rights exercised in writing or electronically should first withdraw their votes in the same manner as exercising their voting rights. Paragraph 4 is hereby amended accordingly.
- For the purpose of providing shareholders who have attended the virtual shareholder meeting by means of visual communication network with sufficient time to vote, such shareholders may vote on the initial proposal throughout the time from the chairman calling the meeting to order till the chairman announcing the close of voting. The votes cast should be counted at once in corresponding with the voting time of shareholders who have attended the virtual shareholder meeting by means of visual communication network. Paragraph 9 and Paragraph 10 are hereby added accordingly.
- The shareholders who have registered to attend the hybrid shareholder meeting by means of visual communication network when planning to attend the Company's hybrid shareholder meeting in person shall cancel the registration in the same manner as the registration was made 2 days before the meeting date. Those who fail to have the said registration cancelled within the time limit can only attend the shareholder meeting by means of visual communication network. Paragraph 11 is hereby added accordingly.
- Refer to the provisions of the Jin-Shan-Zi No. 1012404740 Letter dated February 24, 2012 and the Jing-Shang-Zi No. 10102414350 Letter dated May 3, 2012 by the Ministry of Economic Affairs,

A mandmants	Compant axisting alayses	Description of amandments
Amendments shall be announced accordingly.	Current existing clauses	Description of amendments shareholders who exercise
snail be announced accordingly.		voting rights electronically
The shareholders who have registered to		and have not withdrawn
attend the virtual shareholder meeting by		their declaration of intention
means of visual communication network		may not propose any
in accordance with Article 6 when		amendment to be made to
planning to attend the Company's hybrid		the initial proposal, nor can
shareholder meeting in person shall cancel the registration in the same		they exercise their voting
manner as the registration was made 2		rights. However, the said
days before the meeting date. Those who		shareholders can still attend
fail to have the said registration cancelled		the shareholder meeting on
within the time limit can only attend the		the meeting date and
shareholder meeting by means of visual		propose motions
communication network.		contingently at the meeting and exercise voting rights.
Shareholders who exercise their voting		In addition, since
rights in writing or electronically without		shareholders are entitled to
withdrawing their declaration of		exercise their rights in
intentions and attending the shareholder		writing or electronically,
meeting by means of visual		based on the principle of fair
communication network, except for the		treatment, correspondence
extemporary motions, shall not exercise		voting should also be
voting rights on the initial proposal,		regulated as the
propose amendments to the initial		aforementioned electronic
proposal, or exercise their voting rights		voting in order to protect the
for amendments to the initial proposal.		rights and interests of
		shareholders. It is explicitly
		stipulated in Paragraph 12 that shareholders who
		exercise their voting rights
		in writing or electronically
		and have not withdrawn
		their declaration of intention
		may still register to attend
		the shareholder meeting by
		means of virtual
		communication network.
		However, they can only
		propose and vote on the
		extemporary motions, but
		may not vote on the initial
		proposal or the amendment
		made to the initial proposal or propose amendments to
		be made to the initial
		proposal.
Article 15	Article 15	For the purpose of helping
The resolutions reached in the	The resolutions reached in the	shareholders understand the
shareholders' meeting must be	shareholders' meeting must be	results of the virtual
documented in the minutes of meeting for	documented in the minutes of meeting for	shareholder meeting held,
the signature or seal of the Chairman.	the signature or seal of the Chairman.	alternatives for shareholders
The minutes of meeting must be	The minutes of meeting must be	with digital divide the
distributed to the shareholders in 20 days.	distributed to the shareholders in 20 days.	handling methods and
The preparation and distribution of the	The preparation and distribution of the	circumstances of the
minutes of shareholders' meeting can be	minutes of shareholders' meeting can be	disconnection, at the request
processed electronically.	processed electronically.	of the competent authorities,
The Company's minutes of shareholders'	The Company's minutes of shareholders'	the Company when
meeting referred to above can be	meeting referred to above can be	preparing the shareholder meeting minutes, in addition
distributed by posting it on the MOPS.	distributed by posting it on the MOPS.	to the mandatory records
The minutes of the meeting shall record	The minutes of the meeting shall record	stated in Paragraph 3, will
The influees of the meeting shall recold	The influence of the incoming shall record	James III i aragrapii 5, will

the date, venue, name of the chairman, method of resolution, essentials of the meeting process and voting results (including the number of voting rights). When there is an election of directors, the number of votes received by each elected director shall be disclosed and shall be kept permanently during the company's existence.

For the virtual shareholder meeting, in addition to the aforementioned information to be included in the shareholder meeting minutes, the duration of the meeting, the way the meeting is convened, the name of the chairman and clerk, how to handle the malfunctions occurred to the virtual meeting platform or the difficulties of attending a meeting by visual communication network due to calamities, incidents, or force majeure should also be stated.

The Company should have the virtual shareholder meeting convened in accordance with the regulations stated in the preceding paragraph; also, shall specify in the meeting minutes the alternatives provided to shareholders who have difficulties attending the virtual shareholder meeting by means of virtual communication network.

the date, venue, name of the chairman, method of resolution, essentials of the meeting process and voting results (including the number of voting rights). When there is an election of directors, the number of votes received by each elected director shall be disclosed and shall be kept permanently during the company's existence.

Current existing clauses

- Description of amendments
- have the duration of the meeting, the way the meeting is convened, the name of the chairman and the clerk, the alternatives provided to shareholders who have difficulties attending the shareholder meeting by means of virtual communication network. and how to handle the malfunctions occurred to the virtual meeting platform or the difficulties of attending a meeting by visual communication network due to force majeure also be stated. Paragraph 4 is hereby added accordingly.
- 2. It is necessary to state in the meeting notice the alternatives made available to the shareholders who attend the virtual shareholder meeting experiencing difficulties. Paragraph 5 is hereby added accordingly to require detailing in the meeting minutes the alternatives made available to the shareholders who attend the meeting experiencing digital divide.

Article 16

The Company shall prepare the statistics of the number of shares acquired by the solicitors, the number of shares represented by the entrusted agents, and the number of shares held by the shareholders attending the meeting in writing or electronically in an appropriate format as prescribed on the shareholder meeting date and should be disclosed on the shareholder meeting date. For a virtual shareholder meeting, the Company shall have the aforementioned data uploaded to the virtual meeting platform at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences till the end of the meeting.

The Company while holding a virtual shareholder meeting should have the number of shares represented by the attending shareholders announced on the virtual meeting platform at the time of calling the meeting to order. It is the same as the statistics of the shares and voting rights represented by the shareholders present in the meeting.

Article 16

The Company must have the statistics of the number of shares by soliciting and by proxy prepared in the prescribed format and has it disclosed openly at the meeting venue on the meeting date.

- The number of shares acquired by the solicitors, the number of shares represented by the entrusted agents, and the number of shares of the shareholders attending the meeting in writing or electronically should be disclosed at the shareholder meeting place for the information of the shareholders. The said information should be uploaded to the virtual meeting platform for the virtual shareholder meeting convened by the company. Paragraph 1 is hereby amended accordingly.
- 2. The company while holding a virtual shareholder meeting should have the number of shares represented by the attending shareholders announced on the virtual meeting platform

If the resolutions reached in the

Amendments	Current existing clauses		Description of amendments
If the resolutions reached in the	shareholders' meetings involving		at the time of calling the
shareholders' meetings involving	material information regulated by law		meeting to order so as to
material information regulated by law	and regulations and the ROC GTSM, the		help the attending
and regulations and the ROC GTSM, the	Company shall within the prescribed time		shareholders know whether
Company shall within the prescribed time	have the material information uploaded to		the number of shares in
have the material information uploaded to	•		attendance has reached the
the MOPS.			threshold for holding the
			shareholder meeting. The
			statistics of the number of
			shares in attendance of the
			shareholders, if available
			subsequently, should also be
			disclosed on the virtual
			meeting platform. Paragraph
			2 is hereby added
			accordingly.
Article 19		1.	This article is added.
The Company shall immediately disclose		2.	For the purpose of helping
the voting results and election results of			the shareholders who attend
each proposal on the virtual meeting			the virtual shareholder
platform in accordance with the			meeting immediately know
regulations continuously for at least 15			the voting results and
minutes after the chairman announcing			election results of each
the meeting adjourned.			proposal, it is stipulated to
			have sufficient time reserved for information disclosure.
			This Article is hereby added accordingly.
Article 20		1.	This article is added.
The chairman and clerk who attend the			The chairman and clerk who
Company's virtual shareholder meeting		2.	attend the virtual
shall be at the same place in Taiwan, and			shareholder meeting that is
the chairman shall announce the address			without an actual meeting
of the meeting place at the time of calling			place available shall be at
the meeting to order.			the same place in Taiwan. In
			addition, the chairman shall
			announce the address where
			the chairman is stationed at
			the time of calling the
			meeting to order for the
			information of the
			shareholders. This article is
		_	hereby added accordingly.
Article 21			This article is added.
The Company may provide a simple		2.	A video connection test can
connection test to shareholders who			be provided prior to the time
attend the virtual shareholder meeting			the meeting commences to reduce the
prior to the time the meeting commences,			telecommunication
and provide relevant services			problems during the virtual
immediately before and during the			shareholder meeting by
meeting to help handle technical			referring to the actual
communication problems.			practice overseas, and
The chairman of the virtual shareholder			provide relevant services
meeting at the time of calling the meeting			immediately before and
to order shall additionally announce that,			during the meeting to help
except for those matters exempted from			handle technical
meeting postponement or reconvention as			communication
defined in Article 44-20, Paragraph 4 of			problems. Paragraph 1 is
the "Regulations Governing the			hereby added accordingly.
Administration of Shareholder Services		3.	The chairman of the virtual

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Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description of amendments
of Public Companies," when there is an		shareholder meeting at the
obstacle to the virtual meeting platform or to those attending the meeting by		time of calling the meeting to order shall announce that
means of virtual communication network		when there is an obstacle to
for more than 30 minutes due to		the virtual meeting platform
calamities, incidents, or force majeure		or to those attending the
before the chairman announces the		meeting by means of virtual
adjournment of the meeting, the meeting		communication network for
shall be postponed for not more than 5		more than 30 minutes due to
days or shall be reconvened within five		calamities, incidents, or
days. Article 182 of the Company Act is		force majeure, the meeting
not applicable under this circumstance.		shall not be postponed for
For the aforementioned postponed or		more than five days or the
reconvened meeting, shareholders who		meeting should be
did not register to attend the initial		reconvened within five days, which is not subject to
shareholder meeting by means of visual		Article 182 of the Company
communication network may not attend		Act that requires having
the postponed or reconvened meeting.		such decision resolved in the
From the meetings that are to be		shareholder meeting in
postponed or reconvened in accordance		advance. Paragraph 2 is
with the provision stated in Paragraph 2,		hereby added accordingly. If
for shareholders who have registered to		the virtual shareholder
attend the initial shareholder meeting by		meeting cannot be convened
means of virtual communication network,		or attended due to
but do not attend the postponed or		intentional misconduct or
reconvened meeting, the number of		negligence of the company,
shares they held to attend the initial shareholder meeting and the already		virtual meeting platform, shareholder, solicitor, or
exercised voting rights and election rights		proxy, it does not fall within
shall be included in the total number of		the scope of this article.
shares, voting rights, and election rights		4. Upon the occurrence of
of shareholders present at the postponed		meeting postponement or
or reconvened meeting.		reconvention as stated
When the shareholder meeting is		in Paragraph 2, according to
postponed or reconvened in accordance		the provision of Article 44-
with the provisions of Paragraph 2, the		20, Paragraph 2 of the
voting and vote count completed and		"Regulations Governing the
announced or the proposal regarding the		Administration of Shareholder Services
list of elected directors need not be re-		of Public Companies," those
discussed or resolved.		who (including solicitor and
If the video transmission cannot be		proxy agents) did not
recovered as stated in Paragraph 2 during		register to attend the initial
the Company's hybrid shareholder		shareholder meeting by
meeting, and the total shareholding of the		means of virtual
attending shareholders after deducting the		communication network
shareholdings of the shareholders who		may not attend the
attend the hybrid meeting by means of		postponed or reconvened
visual communication network meets the		meeting. Paragraph 3 is
quorum of the shareholdings meeting, the		hereby added accordingly.
shareholder meeting should continue and		As for the convening of a
it is not subject to the requirement of		hybrid shareholder meeting, the shareholders who
having the hybrid meeting postponed or reconvened as stated in Paragraph 2.		initially attended the
		shareholder meeting in
The shareholdings of the shareholders		person may continue to
who attend the continuing shareholder		physically attend the
meeting by means of visual		postponed or reconvened
communication network as said in the		meeting as explained.
preceding paragraph should be included for the calculation of total showsholdings		5. When the Company has to
for the calculation of total shareholdings		

of the attending shareholders; however, the attending shareholders by means of virtual communication network shall be deemed to have waived their voting power in respective of all proposals at the said shareholder meeting. The Company while arranging the postponed or reconvened meeting in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 2, according to the provision of the "Regulations Governing the postponed or reconvened meeting in accordance with Paragraph 2 shall handle the relevant preparatory work according to the date of the initial shareholder meeting and the respective provisions stated in Article 44-20, Paragraph 7 of the "Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies." For the period specified in the last paragraph of Article 12 and Article 13. Paragraph 3 of the "Regulations Governing the Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholders Meetings or reconvened meeting, the number of shares they held to attend the initial shareholder from the thing of Public Companies." For the period specified in the last paragraph 3 of the "Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholders Meetings of Public Companies," and Article 44-15. Paragraph 1. Article 44-15. The paragraph 1. Article 44-15 and Article 44-15. The paragraph 1 of the "Regulations Governing the Companies," and Article 44-15. The paragraph 1 of the "Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder meeting and the postponed or reconvened shareholder meeting date stipulated in Paragraph 2. Meeting the Administration of Shareholder meeting date stipulated in Paragraph 2. Meeting the Administration of shareholder meeting date of the meeting date of the postponed or reconvened meeting. Paragraph 4 is hereby added accordingly. Meeting the Administration of shareholder meeting date of the meeting date of the vote of the communication obstacles, and it needs to be postponed or reconvened, the voting and vote count completed and announced or the		0	D : :: 6 1 . :
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virtual communication network shall be deemed to have waived their voting power in respective of all proposals at the said shareholder meeting. The Company while arranging the postponed or reconvened meeting in accordance with Paragraph 2 shall handle the relevant preparatory work according to the date of the initial shareholder meeting and the respective provisions stated in Article 44-20, Paragraph 7 of the "Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies." For the period specified in the last paragraph of Article 12 and Article 13, Paragraph of Article 12 and Article 13, Paragraph 3 of the "Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholders Meetings of Public Companies." For the period specified in the last governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholders Meetings of Public Companies," and Article 44-17, Paragraph 1 of the "Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholders Meetings of Public Companies," and Article 44-17, Paragraph 1 of the "Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies," and Article 44-17, Paragraph 1 of the "Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for the pr			
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Shareholder Service of Public Companies," the Company shall have it processed in accordance with the postponed or reconvened shareholder meeting date stipulated in Paragraph 2. Shareholder shareholder postponed or reconvened meeting. Paragraph 4 is hereby added accordingly. When the meeting cannot continued due to communication obstacles, and it needs to be postponed or reconvened, the voting and vote count completed and announced or the			number of shares, voting
processed in accordance with the postponed or reconvened shareholder meeting date stipulated in Paragraph 2. Paragraph 4 is hereby added accordingly.			rights, and election rights of
postponed or reconvened shareholder meeting date stipulated in Paragraph 2. meeting date stipulated in Paragraph 2. 6. When the meeting cannot continued due to communication obstacles, and it needs to be postpone or reconvened, the voting and vote count completed and announced or the	Companies," the Company shall have it		shareholders present at the
meeting date stipulated in Paragraph 2. hereby added accordingly. When the meeting cannot continued due to communication obstacles, and it needs to be postpone or reconvened, the voting and vote count completed and announced or the	processed in accordance with the		
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continued due to communication obstacles, and it needs to be postpone or reconvened, the voting and vote count completed and announced or the	meeting date stipulated in Paragraph 2.		
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or reconvened, the voting and vote count completed and announced or the			
and vote count completed and announced or the			
and announced or the			
			1
			proposal regarding the list of
			elected directors are deemed
			as resolved and need not be
re-discussed or resolved			
			again in order to reduce the
time and cost of			_
reconvening a			reconvening a
meeting. Paragraph 5 is			meeting. Paragraph 5 is
hereby formulated			1
accordingly.			
			7. Since the hybrid shareholder
meeting is attended by			
			shareholders in person and
by virtual communication			
			network simultaneously, for
the obstacles occurring to			
			the virtual meeting platform or difficulties of attending a
meeting by visual			
			communication network due
to force majeure, because			
the meeting is in session			
with the shareholders			

Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description of amendments
Amendments	Current existing clauses	present in person; also, if the total shareholding of the shareholders attending the meeting after deducting the shareholdings of the shareholders who attend the meeting by means of visual communication network still meets the quorum, the shareholder meeting should continue and it is not subject to the requirement of having a postponed or reconvened meeting held as stated in Paragraph 2. Paragraph 6 is hereby stipulated accordingly. 8. When the Company should continue the meeting upon the occurrence of the events as stated in Paragraph 2 without the need to postpone or reconvene the meeting, according to the provisions of Article 44-20, Paragraph 5 of the "Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies," for those who (including solicitor and proxy agents) attend the shareholder meeting by means of virtual communication network, their shareholding in attendance shall be included in the total number of shares; however, they shall be deemed to have waived their voting power in respective of all proposals at the said shareholder meeting. Paragraph 7 is hereby added accordingly. 9. Since the postponed or reconvened meeting due to the occurrence of disconnection is the same as the initial shareholder meeting in its nature, there is no need to postpone or reconvene the meeting with

Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description of amendments
		Shareholder Services
		of Public
		Companies." Paragraph 8 is
		hereby stipulated
		accordingly.
		10. In addition, when the virtual
		shareholder meeting has
		been postponed, for the
		matters that must be announced and disclosed on
		the day of the shareholder
		meeting according to the
		provisions in the last
		paragraph of Article 12 and
		Article 13, Paragraph 3 of
		the "Regulations Governing
		the Use of Proxies for
		Attendance at Shareholders
		Meetings of Public
		Companies," and Article 44-
		5, Paragraph 2, Article 44-
		15, and Article 44-
		17, Paragraph 1 of the
		"Regulations Governing the Administration of
		Shareholder Services
		of Public Companies," it is
		necessary to have them
		disclosed for the information
		of the shareholders on the
		postponed or reconvened
		meeting date. Paragraph 9 is
		hereby stipulated
		accordingly.
Article <u>22</u>		1. This article is added.
When it convenes the virtual shareholder		2. When the company
meeting, the Company should provide		convenes a virtual
<u>adequate alternatives to the shareholders</u> who have difficulties attending the virtual		shareholder meeting, considering the digital
shareholder meeting by means of virtual		divide suffered by those
communication network.		shareholders who have
		difficulties attending the
		meeting by means of virtual
		communication network, it
		is necessary to provide
		alternatives to the said
		shareholders, such as
		exercising voting rights in
		writing or providing
		shareholders with the
		necessary equipment to
Article 23	Article 19	attend the meeting. The article orders are adjusted
These rules will be implemented after	These rules will be implemented after	in corresponding with the
being approved in the shareholders'	being approved in the shareholders'	addition of clauses.
meeting, same as the amendment.	meeting, same as the amendment.	

conclusion shall be fully and accurately

specified in the case working papers.

3. They shall undertake an item-by-item

Yuanta Futures Co., Ltd. The comparison table of the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets" amendment

Current existing clauses Amendments Description Article 6 Article 6 1. The amendments to the Professional appraisers and their officers, Professional appraisers and their officers, "Regulations Governing certified public accounts, attorneys, and certified public accounts, attorneys, and the Acquisition and securities underwriters that provide this securities underwriters that provide this Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" Company with appraisal reports, certified Company with appraisal reports, certified public accountant's opinions, attorney's public accountant's opinions, attorney's were made in opinions, or underwriter's opinions shall opinions, or underwriter's opinions shall accordance with the Jinmeet the following requirements: meet the following requirements: Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No. May not have previously received a 1. May not have previously received a 1110380465 Order final and unappealable sentence to dated January 28, 2022 final and unappealable sentence to imprisonment for 1 year or longer for a imprisonment for 1 year or longer for (hereinafter referred to a violation of the Securities and violation of the Securities and Exchange as amendments to Exchange Act, the Company Act, the Act, the Company Act, the Banking Act Article 5 of the Banking Act of The Republic of of The Republic of China, the Insurance "Regulations Governing China, the Insurance Act, the Financial Act, the Financial Holding Company the Acquisition and Holding Company Act, or the Business Act, or the Business Entity Accounting Disposal of Assets Entity Accounting Act, or for fraud, Act, or for fraud, breach of trust. by Public Companies"). breach of trust, embezzlement, forgery embezzlement, forgery of documents, or 2. The respective of documents, or occupational crime. occupational crime. However, this associations of the However, this provision does not apply provision does not apply if 3 years have external experts have if 3 years have already passed since already passed since completion of relevant regulations completion of service of the sentence, service of the sentence, since expiration formulated for the since expiration of the period of a of the period of a suspended sentence, undertaken businesses. or since a pardon was received. suspended sentence, or since a pardon For example, was received. May not be a related party or de facto professional appraisers 2. May not be a related party or de facto related party of any party to the issue appraisal reports related party of any party to the transaction. in accordance with the 3. If the company is required to obtain transaction. self-regulatory rules 3. If the company is required to obtain appraisal reports from two or more related to real estate appraisal reports from two or more professional appraisers, the different appraisal. The professional appraisers, the different professional appraisers or appraisal associations of other professional appraisers or appraisal officers may not be related parties or de external experts should officers may not be related parties or de facto related parties of each other. also comply with the When issuing an appraisal report or facto related parties of each other. "Practice Guide for When issuing an appraisal report or opinion, the personnel referred to in the **Experts Issuing** opinion, the personnel referred to in the preceding paragraph shall comply with the Opinions" promulgated preceding paragraph shall comply with **the** following: by the Taiwan Stock self-regulatory rules of their respective **Exchange Corporation** associations and the following: to revise and 1. Prior to accepting a case, they shall incorporate the relevant prudently assess their own professional 1. Prior to accepting a case, they shall self-regulatory rules for capabilities, practical experience, and prudently assess their own professional their operators or independence. capabilities, practical experience, and personnel to issue 2. When executing a case, they shall independence. opinions. For the appropriately plan and execute adequate When examining a case, they shall purpose of clarifying the working procedures, in order to produce procedures to be appropriately plan and execute adequate a conclusion and use the conclusion as working procedures, in order to produce followed by and the basis for issuing the report or a conclusion and use the conclusion as responsibilities of the opinion. The related working the basis for issuing the report or external experts, the procedures, data collected, and opinion. The related working preamble Paragraph 2 is

procedures, data collected, and

conclusion shall be fully and accurately

specified in the case working papers.

amended to regulate

and their officers,

professional appraisers

Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description
evaluation of the appropriateness and reasonableness of the sources of data used, the parameters, and the information, as the basis for issuance of the appraisal report or the opinion. 4. They shall issue a statement attesting to the professional competence and independence of the personnel who prepared the report or opinion, and that they have evaluated and found that the information used is appropriate and reasonable that they have complied with applicable laws and regulations.	Current existing clauses 3. They shall undertake an item-by-item evaluation of the comprehensiveness, accuracy, and reasonableness of the sources of data used, the parameters, and the information, as the basis for issuance of the appraisal report or the opinion. 4. They shall issue a statement attesting to the professional competence and independence of the personnel who prepared the report or opinion, and that they have evaluated and found that the information used is reasonable and accurate, and that they have complied with applicable laws and regulations.	certified public accountants, attorneys, or securities underwriters in issuing valuation reports or opinions in accordance with the provisions of Paragraph 2 and the self-regulatory rules of their respective associations. 3. Since the issuance of appraisal reports or opinions on the reasonableness of price by experts in accordance with the "Regulations" is not a task of auditing financial reports in its nature, the wording of "auditing" is amended as "implementation" in Paragraph 2, Subparagraph 2 accordingly. 4. Considering the actual evaluation on the data sources, parameters, and information by external experts, and referring to Article 9, Paragraph 4, Subparagraph 4, Item 3-5 of the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers," (2014) Ji-Mi-Zi No. 00000000298 Letter dated December 25, 2014, and Article 27 of Evaluation Standard No.8 regarding the appropriateness and reasonableness of data sources and parameters,
Article 9 In the event that the transaction amount for acquiring or disposing of real property, equipment, or its right-of-use assets reaches twenty percent (20%) of the paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the Company	Article 9 In the event that the transaction amount for acquiring or disposing of real property, equipment, or its right-of-use assets reaches twenty percent (20%) of the paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the Company	It is amended in accordance with Article 9 of the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets

shall obtain an appraisal report to the date of event occurrence from a professional appraiser and comply with the provisions below, except for transacting with a domestic government agency, engaging others to build on its own land, engaging others to build on rented land, or acquiring or disposing of equipment or its right-of-use assets held for business use.

- 1. Where due to special circumstances it is necessary to give a limited price, specified price, or special price as a reference basis for the transaction price, the transaction shall be submitted for approval in advance by the board of directors; the same procedure shall apply to any subsequent changes to the terms and conditions of transaction.
- 2. The transaction amounted to NT\$1 billion or more should be appraised by two or more professional appraisers.
- 3. Where any one of the following circumstances applies with respect to the professional appraiser's appraisal results, unless all the appraisal results for the assets to be acquired are higher than the transaction amount, or all the appraisal results for the assets to be disposed of are lower than the transaction amount, a certified public accountant shall be engaged to render a specific opinion regarding the reason for the discrepancy and the appropriateness of the transaction price.
 - (1) The spread between the appraisal result and the transaction amount exceeds 20%
 - (2) The appraisal spread between the two or more appraisers exceeds 10% of the transaction amount
- 4. No more than 3 months may elapse between the date of the appraisal report issued by a professional appraiser and the contract execution date; However, if it is applicable to the same present value announced and is not over six months, the original professional appraiser may have an opinion issued.

Current existing clauses

shall obtain an appraisal report prior to the date of event occurrence from a professional appraiser and comply with the provisions below, except for transacting with a domestic government agency, engaging others to build on its own land, engaging others to build on rented land, or acquiring or disposing of equipment or its right-of-use assets held for business use.

- 1. Where due to special circumstances it is necessary to give a limited price, specified price, or special price as a reference basis for the transaction price, the transaction shall be submitted for approval in advance by the board of directors; the same procedure shall apply to any subsequent changes to the terms and conditions of transaction.
- 2. The transaction amounted to NT\$1 billion or more should be appraised by two or more professional appraisers.
- 3. Where any one of the following circumstances applies with respect to the professional appraiser's appraisal results, unless all the appraisal results for the assets to be acquired are higher than the transaction amount, or all the appraisal results for the assets to be disposed of are lower than the transaction amount, a certified public accountant shall be engaged to perform the appraisal in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ROC Accounting Research and Development Foundation (ARDF) and render a specific opinion regarding the reason for the discrepancy and the appropriateness of the transaction price:
 - (1) The spread between the appraisal result and the transaction amount exceeds 20%
 - (2) The appraisal spread between the two or more appraisers exceeds 10% of the transaction amount
- 4. The date of the appraisal report issued for the appraisal performed before the professional appraisal contract date may not be more than three months from the contract date. However, if it is applicable to the same present value announced and is not over six months, the original professional appraiser may have an opinion issued.

Descriptionby Public Companies."

2. Since the requirement for external experts to have opinions issued in compliance with the self-regulatory rules of their respective associations is included in Article 6 as an amendment made to the article, which also includes the procedures for certified public accountants to issue opinions, the requirement stated in Paragraph 1, Subparagraph 3 for certified public accountants to comply with Article 20 of the Statement of Auditing Standards (SASs No. 20) announced by Accounting Research and Development Foundation is hereby deleted accordingly.

Article 10

The Company acquiring or disposing of securities shall, prior to the date of occurrence of the event, obtain financial statements of the issuing company for the

Article 10

For the acquisition or disposal of securities, the Company should collect the latest financial statements audited or reviewed by the CPAs of the underlying company before It is amended in accordance with Article 10 of the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and

Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description
most recent period, certified or reviewed by a certified public accountant, for reference in appraising the transaction price. In addition, when the transaction amount reaches 20% or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the company shall engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price. However, the securities are offered publicly with a quote available in market or otherwise authorized by the Financial Supervisory Commission; it is not subject to this restriction.	the date of occurrence as a reference for evaluating the transaction prices. In addition, when the transaction amount reaches 20% or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the company shall engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price. If the CPA needs to use the report of an expert as evidence, the CPA shall do so in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF. However, the securities are offered publicly with a quote available in market or otherwise authorized by the Financial Supervisory Commission; it is not subject to this restriction.	Disposal of Assets by Public Companies." 2. The reasons for the amendment are the same as Note of Article 9.
Article 11 When the Company's acquisition and disposal of intangible assets the right-of-use assets or memberships reaches 20% or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, unless it is a transaction conducted with a domestic government agency, the company shall engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price.	Article 11 In the event that the transaction amount for acquiring or disposing of intangible assets or its right-of-use assets or memberships reaches twenty percent (20%) of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, except for transactions with a domestic government agency, the Company shall engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of event occurrence to render an opinion on the fairness of the transaction price. The certified public accountant shall render such an opinion in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF.	 It is amended in accordance with Article 11 of the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies." The reasons for the amendment are the same as Note of Article 9.
Article 12 The transactions amount in the first three clauses should be calculated in accordance with Article 31 Paragraph 2. Also, the alleged "within one year" meant for the one year prior to the date of occurrence excluding the appraisal report issued by the professional appraiser or the CPA's opinions acquired in accordance with the guidelines.	Article 12 The transactions amount in the first three clauses should be calculated in accordance with Article 36 Paragraph 2. Also, the alleged "within one year" meant for the one year prior to the date of occurrence excluding the appraisal report issued by the professional appraiser or the CPA's opinions acquired in accordance with the guidelines.	Article is numbered in error and must be corrected.
Article 14 The assets acquired by the Company are listed in the property catalog by the Accounting Department, and the relevant vouchers are safekept by the Administration Office for inventory count at the end of the year and together with the Auditing Department when necessary.	Article 14 The Finance Accounting Department is to prepare the property catalog for the Company's fixed assets in accordance with the relevant evidences. The Administration Office is to have the inventory count list prepared at the end of each year with the participation of the Audit Office, if necessary. The assets other than the ones referred to above and the supporting documents should be inventory counted by the Accounting Department from time to time; also, should be cross examined against the bookkeeping.	The Finance & Accounting Department is now divided into the Finance Department and Accounting Department in response to the Company's organizational restructure. This article is hereby amended according to the respective powers and responsibilities and practical operating procedures.

Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description
Article 15 The Company's obsolete assets or assets lost in inventory count should be handled in accordance with the Company's internal rules and the provisions of the "Regulation Governing Assessment of Profit-Seeking Enterprise Income Tax Act" by the Administration Office.	Article 15 The Administration Office should have the Company's obsolete or missing assets identified during the inventory count reported and processed in accordance with the provision referred to above and the Guidelines Governing Profit-seeking Enterprise Income Tax Audit.	The Company's obsoleted assets or assets lost in inventory count, if any, should be handled in accordance with the Company's Guidelines for Fixed Asset Management, the division of rights and responsibilities, and other relevant regulations. This article is hereby amended accordingly.
Article 17 When acquiring or disposing of real property or its right-of-use assets or other assets with a related party through purchase or swap at an amount reaching twenty percent (20%) of paid-in capital or the percent (10%) of the total assets or exceeding NT\$300 million, the Company shall prepare the following documentation and submit it to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors for approval prior to signing the transaction contract and disbursing the payment, except for trading domestic bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or buy back of domestic money market funds issued by security investment trust funds. 1. The purpose, necessity, and expected benefits of the acquisition or disposal of real estate and assets 2. The reasons for selecting the related party as the counterparty 3. When acquiring real property or its right-of-use assets from a related party, assess the fairness of transaction terms according articles 18 and 19. 4. The matters of the related party's original acquisition date and price, counterparty, and the relationship with the Company and the related party 5. The monthly cash income and expense forecast within the year from the month of the contract signed; also, assess the necessity of the trade and the reasonableness of the use of funds. 6. Acquire the appraisal report from the professional appraisers or the opinions of the CPAs in accordance with the provisions referred to above. 7. The restrictions and other important stipulations of the transaction When the Company or the Company's subsidiary that is not itself a public company in Taiwan has conducted any transactions as specified in Paragraph 1 for a transaction amount exceeding 10% of the Company's total assets, the Company shall have the information as	Article 17 When acquiring or disposing of real property or its right-of-use assets or other assets with a related party through purchase or swap at an amount reaching twenty percent (20%) of paid-in capital or the percent (10%) of the total assets or exceeding NT\$300 million, the Company shall prepare the following documentation and submit it to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors for approval prior to signing the transaction contract and disbursing the payment, except for trading domestic bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or buy back of domestic money market funds issued by security investment trust funds. 1. The purpose, necessity, and expected benefits of the acquisition or disposal of real estate and assets 2. The reasons for selecting the related party as the counterparty 3. When acquiring real property or its right-of-use assets from a related party, assess the fairness of transaction terms according articles 18 and 19. 4. The matters of the related party's original acquisition date and price, counterparty, and the related party 5. The monthly cash income and expense forecast within the year from the month of the contract signed; also, assess the necessity of the trade and the reasonableness of the use of funds. 6. Acquire the appraisal report from the professional appraisers or the opinions of the CPAs in accordance with the provisions referred to above. 7. The restrictions and other important stipulations of the transaction	1. It is amended in accordance with Article 17 of the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies." 2. Paragraph 2 is added: (1) For the purpose of enhancing the management of related party transactions and protecting the rights of minority shareholders of public companies in expressing their opinions on the related party transactions, by referring to the requirements of having significant related party transactions proposed to the shareholder meeting for approval in advance in the international capital markets, such as Singapore and Hong Kong; in addition, to prevent the public companies from conducting significant related party transactions through the subsidiary that is not itself a public company in Taiwan so as to avoid having the relevant data submitted to the shareholder meeting for approval, it is

Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description
	Current existing emuses	•
stated in Paragraph 1 submitted to the shareholder meeting for approval before		hereby stipulated explicitly that when
having the transaction contract signed		a public company or
and payment made. However, the		its subsidiary that is
transactions conducted between the		not itself a public
Company and the parent company or		company in Taiwan
subsidiaries, or between the subsidiaries,		acquires or disposes
or between the parent company and		assets as listed
subsidiaries are not subject to this		in Paragraph 1 for an
restriction. The calculation of the transaction amount	The calculation of the transaction amount	amount equivalent to 10% or more of the
referred to in the paragraph 1 and	referred to in the preceding paragraph shall	public company's
preceding paragraph shall be made with	be made with respect to paragraph 2 of	assets, the public
respect to paragraph 2 of Article 31.	Article 31. "Within the previous year" as	company shall have
"Within the previous year" as claimed in	claimed in the preceding paragraph refers to	the relevant
the preceding paragraph refers to the one	the one year before the date of acquisition.	information
year before the date of acquisition. The part	The part approved by the Board of	submitted to the
approved by the Board of Directors, the	Directors and recognized by the Audit	shareholder meeting
shareholders' meeting and recognized by the Audit Committee according to	Committee according to these Procedures shall be exempted.	for approval in advance. The
these Procedures shall be exempted.	shan be exempted.	information that
When reported to the Board for discussion	When reported to the Board for discussion	must be submitted to
in accordance with Paragraph 1, it should	in accordance with Paragraph 1, it should	the shareholder
fully consider the views of the independent	fully consider the views of the independent	meeting for approval
directors. The objections or reservations of	directors. The objections or reservations of	by the subsidiary
independent directors, if any, should be	independent directors, if any, should be	that is not itself a
stated in the minutes of the Board meeting. Matters recognized by the Audit Committee	stated in the minutes of the Board meeting. Matters recognized by the Audit Committee	public company in Taiwan is to be
with respect to paragraph 1 shall first be	with respect to paragraph 1 shall first be	submitted by the
approved by over half of all members of the	approved by over half of all members of the	direct parent
Audit Committee and submitted to the	Audit Committee and submitted to the	company.
Board of Directors for resolutions prior to	Board of Directors for resolutions prior to	(2) Considering the
implementing according to the regulations	implementing according to the regulations	overall business
specified by the competent authority.	specified by the competent authority.	planning needs of
		the public company and its parent
		company and
		subsidiaries, or
		between the
		subsidiaries, and
		referring to the
		exemption rules of
		the aforementioned
		major international capital markets, the
		exemption of
		submitting
		information to the
		shareholder meeting
		for approval in
		advance is hereby included with the
		proviso accordingly.
		(3) In addition, if the
		material related
		party transactions
		stated in the
		preceding paragraph
		are subject to the
		provisions of Article 185, Paragraph 1,
		100, i aragrapii i,

Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description
		Subparagraphs 1–3 of the Company Act, the resolution reached in the shareholder meeting shall be handled in accordance with the special resolution stated in Article 185 of the Company Act, the matters stated in the preceding paragraph, and the relevant provisions of the Company Act. 3. Incumbent Paragraph 2 is amended as Paragraph 3. The calculation of the amended amount of transaction is included in the transaction passed by the shareholder meeting in corresponding to the newly added Paragraph 2.
Article 31 The Company should have the acquisition or disposal of assets that fell in one of the following circumstances reported in the designated format on-line at the information network designated by the competent authorities within 2 days from the date of occurrence: 1. Acquisition or disposal of real property or its right-of-use assets from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real property or its right-of-use assets from or to a related party with a transaction amount that reaches twenty percent (20%) or more of the paid-in capital, ten percent (10%) or more of the Company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more, However, domestic bond trades, RP and RS bonds and purchase/repurchase of money market funds that are issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises is not subject to such requirements. 2. Process merger, spins-off, acquisition, or assignment of shares. 3. Losses from derivatives trading reaching the limit on aggregate losses specified in these Procedures or losses on individual contracts. 4. Acquisition or disposal of equipment or its right-of-use assets for business	Article 31 The Company should have the acquisition or disposal of assets that fell in one of the following circumstances reported in the designated format on-line at the information network designated by the competent authorities within 2 days from the date of occurrence: 1. Acquisition or disposal of real property or its right-of-use assets from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real property or its right-of-use assets from or to a related party with a transaction amount that reaches twenty percent (20%) or more of the paid-in capital, ten percent (10%) or more of the Company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more, However, domestic bond trades, RP and RS bonds and purchase/repurchase of money market funds that are issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises is not subject to such requirements. 2. Process merger, spins-off, acquisition, or assignment of shares. 3. Losses from derivatives trading reaching the limit on aggregate losses specified in these Procedures or losses on individual contracts. 4. Acquisition or disposal of equipment or its right-of-use assets for business	1. It is amended in accordance with Article 31 of the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies." 2. Since the incumbent public companies are exempted from announcing and reporting the trade of domestic government bonds, Paragraph 1, Subparagraph 6, Item 1 is hereby amended accordingly to ease the requirement of announcing and reporting the trade of foreign government bonds issued that is with a sovereign rating not lower than the sovereign rating of the R.O.C 3. Considering the simplicity of foreign government bonds with better credit than foreign ordinary corporate bonds in general: in addition

its right-of-use assets for business

operations from an unrelated party at a

general; in addition,

exchange traded notes

its right-of-use assets for business

operations from an unrelated party at a

transaction amount of or above NT\$500 million.

- 5. Acquisition of real property under an arrangement on engaging others to build on the Company's own land, engaging others to build on rented land, joint construction and redistribution of housing units, joint construction and redistribution of ownership percentages, or joint construction and separate sales from an unrelated party in which the Company expects to invest up to NT\$500 million.
- 6. The amount of the assets trade other than the ones in the five paragraphs referred to above, the disposal of credit by the financial institutions, or the investment in Mainland China for an amount exceeds 20% of the paid-in capital or NT\$300 million. Except for in the following circumstances:
 - (1) Domestic bond trade <u>or foreign</u> government bonds that are with a sovereign rating not lower than the sovereign rating of the R.O.C..
 - (2) Where done by professional investors, securities trading at TWSE/TPEx, or subscription of foreign corporate bonds, ordinary corporate bonds, or general bank debentures without equity characteristics (excluding subordinated debt) that are offered and issued in the primary market, or subscription or redemption of securities investment trust funds or futures trust funds, or subscription or redemption of redemption of exchange traded notes.
 - (3) The trade of RP/RS bonds and purchase/repurchase of money market funds that are issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises

The transaction amount referred to above is calculated in accordance with the following:

- 1. Amount per transaction
- 2. The accumulated amount of the acquisition or disposal of the same underlying subject with the same counterparty within one year
- The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) of real property or its right-of-use assets in the same development project within the same year.
- 4. The accumulated amount of the acquisition or disposal (itemized

Current existing clauses

transaction amount of or above NT\$500 million.

- 5. Acquisition of real property under an arrangement on engaging others to build on the Company's own land, engaging others to build on rented land, joint construction and redistribution of housing units, joint construction and redistribution of ownership percentages, or joint construction and separate sales from an unrelated party in which the Company expects to invest up to NT\$500 million.
- 6. The amount of the assets trade other than the ones in the five paragraphs referred to above, the disposal of credit by the financial institutions, or the investment in Mainland China for an amount exceeds 20% of the paid-in capital or NT\$300 million. Except for in the following circumstances:
 - (1) Domestic bond trade.
 - (2) Where done by professional investors—securities trading on securities exchanges or OTC markets, or subscription of ordinary corporate bonds or general bank debentures without equity characteristics (excluding subordinated debt) that are offered and issued in the primary market, or subscription or redemption of securities investment trust funds or futures trust funds.
 - (3) The trade of RP/RS bonds and purchase/repurchase of money market funds that are issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises

The transaction amount referred to above is calculated in accordance with the following:

- 1. Amount per transaction
- 2. The accumulated amount of the acquisition or disposal of the same underlying subject with the same counterparty within one year
- The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) of real property or its right-of-use assets in the same development project within the same year.
- 4. The accumulated amount of the

Description

and exchange stock funds being similar in nature, Paragraph 1, Subparagraph 6, Item 2 is hereby amended accordingly to exempt the subscription of foreign government bonds in the primary market and subscription or sell-back of exchange traded notes by professional investors from the requirement of announcement and reporting.

Amendments	Current existing clauses	Description
accumulation of acquisition and	acquisition or disposal (itemized	
disposal) of the same security within	accumulation of acquisition and	
one year	disposal) of the same security within	
The alleged "within one year" referred to	one year	
above meant for the one year prior to the	The alleged "within one year" referred to	
date of occurrence excluding the part that	above meant for the one year prior to the	
had already been announced in accordance	date of occurrence excluding the part that	
with the "Regulations Governing the	had already been announced in accordance	
Acquisition and Disposal of Assets	with the "Regulations Governing the	
by Public Companies."	Acquisition and Disposal of Assets	
The Company shall have the derivative	by Public Companies."	
transaction of the Company and its non-	The Company shall have the derivative	
public subsidiary up to the last month	transaction of the Company and its non-	
published in the designated format on-line	public subsidiary up to the last month	
at the information network designated by	published in the designated format on-line	
the competent authorities before the 10 th	at the information network designated by	
day of each month.	the competent authorities before the 10 th	
When the items that are to be published by	day of each month.	
the Company in accordance with the	When the items that are to be published by	
regulations are found with errors or	the Company in accordance with the	
omissions at the time of publication, all the	regulations are found with errors or	
items should be published and reported	omissions at the time of publication, all the	
again within 2 days from the date of	items should be published and reported	
learning of the discrepancy.	again within 2 days from the date of	
The Company should have the contract,	learning of the discrepancy.	
minutes of meeting, book, appraisal reports,	The Company should have the contract,	
the opinions of CPAs, attorneys, or	minutes of meeting, book, appraisal reports,	
underwriters related to the acquisition or	the opinions of CPAs, attorneys, or	
disposal of assets ready at the Company's	underwriters related to the acquisition or	
premise for at least 5 years unless otherwise	disposal of assets ready at the Company's	
provided by law.	premise for at least 5 years unless otherwise	
If the competent authorities has the	provided by law.	
Company's investment in Mainland China	If the competent authorities has the	
authorized after it is announced and	Company's investment in Mainland China	
reported by the Company in accordance	authorized after it is announced and	
with the "Regulations Governing the	reported by the Company in accordance	
Acquisition and Disposal of Assets	with the "Regulations Governing the	
by Public Companies," the information of	Acquisition and Disposal of Assets	
the original announcement date, the	by Public Companies," the information of	
invested company in China, the expected	the original announcement date, the	
investment amount, counterparty, and the	invested company in China, the expected	
approval date of the competent authorities	investment amount, counterparty, and the	
should be disclosed on the Market	approval date of the competent authorities	
Observation Post System (MOPS).	should be disclosed on the Market	
The Company should have the announcement and reporting made on	Observation Post System (MOPS). The Company should have the	
behalf of the non-public subsidiary.	announcement and reporting made on	
behan of the hon-public substituting.	behalf of the non-public subsidiary.	
	ochan of the non-public substituting.	